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HONG KONG, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1946.

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ATTLEE VOICES DISAPPOINTMENT AT MISUSE OF THE UNO

Britain's Restraint In Not Replying To Attacks Made Upon Her In Speeches

Answer By Deeds, Not Words

London, Nov. 9. Mr. Attlee, the Prime Minister, speaking at the traditional Lord Mayor's banquet at the Guildhall here last night, covered the domestic and foreign situation. He spoke of the United Nations Organisation with emphasis on the transfer of sovereignty.

The Government has a great responsibility to the people of this country and to the people of the Commonwealth and Empire, with whom in peace and war we work so closely, he said. "We cannot relinquish any of these responsibilities until we are satisfied that we have achieved a greater security to replace what now exists. I know we have all felt disappointment at the way the Organisation is being used."

"Its proceedings being objective and businesslike, there is obstruction, there are propaganda attacks on flimsy pretexts and a variety of episodes which have tended to bring the Organisation into disrepute instead of building up the confidence we so much desire. "It is clear that if the UNO is to be used as a forum for debating ideological differences, it will fail. It can succeed only if it is to be used to secure to all nations freedom to preserve their own ways of life while contributing to the common good of the world."

"We believe that the right line of approach to every problem is to ask ourselves the questions: will this solution promote peace and understanding? I believe that all over the world, peoples have the same desire to realise this great vision of peace and disarmament and would wish world problems to be settled on this basis. "For this reason, my friend the Foreign Secretary has exercised the greatest restraint in not indulging in polemics in reply to the attacks made upon this country in speeches made at the UNO, and in sections of the foreign press and broadcasts."

Deeds, Not Words
"It is better to answer by deeds not words. Our action in

Moscow Radio And Attlee

London, Nov. 10. One of the Moscow radio's see commentators declares that Mr. Attlee's recent allegation that a "wall of ignorance and suspicion" divides Russia from the rest of the world is "resented" in Russia. The commentator said that the Russians have a "very good understanding of the state of affairs abroad" and that in communication of information, "any hindrances come not from Soviet authorities."

Mikhailov, the commentator, said that the "wall of ignorance" phrase was "strongly reminiscent of the 'iron curtain' term phrased by Churchill."—Associated Press.

Anglo-Egypt Treaty Text Disclosure

Cairo, Nov. 10. The Wafdist newspaper "Al Misri", publishing today what it claimed to be the complete textual draft of the Anglo-Egyptian treaty revision agreement between the Egyptian Premier and Mr. Bevin, stated that Cairo and Alexandria would be evacuated by the end of March, 1947, and the evacuation of all Egyptian territory would be completed by September 1, 1949.

The front page version in "Al Misri" of this "draft" contains seven clauses and two protocols. The Sudan protocol, according to this version states: "The policy followed by the two contracting parties in Sudan within the framework of the unity of Egypt and Sudan under the Egyptian crown will aim at promoting the well-being of the Sudanese and preparing them for self-government and the right to choose their own regime. Until this aim is achieved after consultation with the Sudanese people, the 1939 treaty and clause 11 of the 1936 treaty will remain in force."

The Joint Defence Committee, according to "Al Misri", will be an advisory body with the task of making recommendations to the two governments in order to coordinate defence when necessary. The Committee may meet at its own discretion and every time a threat of aggression arises in the Middle East. The treaty will be valid for 20 years, the paper said.—Reuter.

British Officer Acquitted

Batavia, Nov. 9. Captain J. E. H. Morton, a 24-year-old British officer, whose address was given as New Delhi, was today acquitted of complicity in the disappearance of £9,000,000 worth of gold and jewellery in Java soon after the Japanese collapse.

Three days after the Japanese collapse Hiroshi Nakamura of the Japanese Military police visited the defence declared that he handed over to his superior officer all the treasure he held as soon as he had time to catalogue it. Captain Morton is to spend two months leave in India where his mother and sister are staying.—Reuter.

ON OTHER PAGES

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Page Eight: Home and Local Sports News.

JEWISH TERRORISM IN LONDON

London, Nov. 10. Scotland Yard announced today that special guards have been placed in Government buildings in London as a precaution against Jewish "terrorists."

A spokesman said the action was taken as a result of information received in London. In Palestine the secret radio reported by Irgun Zvai Leumi, underground Jewish organization, broadcast a promise to "extend our activities" outside the Holy Land. A purported communique from "train earlier this week claimed responsibility for blasting the British Embassy in Rome."—Associated Press.

BRITISH SOLDIER INJURED

Jerusalem, Nov. 10. A British soldier was injured when Ras-el-ein station, 10 miles north-east of Tel-Aviv, was blasted by bombs at 11.45 a.m. this morning.

The station was evacuated half an hour earlier when a porter found suitcases labelled "Bombs Danger." The soldier was injured when he approached the station to remove the bombs. The extent of his injuries has not been disclosed. Police circles say they have no clues as yet as to who placed the lethal luggage in the station, but point out the method was identical with that employed by the Irgun Zvai Leumi (Jewish terrorists) a week ago, when Jerusalem station was blown up. It may also be recalled that the Irgun organisation promised to continue its campaign against the railways.—Associated Press.

Singapore Dockers Strike

London, Nov. 10. The 16-day-old dockers strike at Singapore may end on Nov. 11 if their representatives modify their terms which at present include more wages, overtime and higher wages, reports the "Sunday Times" Singapore representative.

It is in the Governor's hands whether, if the dockers refuse the ultimatum given two days ago, he puts into operation the recommendation to step the loading of all cargoes bound for Singapore from the United Kingdom, European countries, India and Australia.

It is emphasised that this shipping interference affects imports excluding food. In efforts to get long overdue stocks which are lying in the "roads," private firms chartered special lighters today.—Reuter.

Palestine GOC Back

Jerusalem, Nov. 10. Lieutenant-General Sir Evelyn Barker, General Officer Commanding British troops in Palestine, returned to Jerusalem by air from leave in London yesterday and conferred with H. L. G. Guernsey, Chief Secretary to the Palestine Government. Before General Barker's departure, it had been officially stated in Jerusalem that he would return to Palestine to remain here until February and would then take over the Eastern Command in Britain. Nevertheless, the view has been expressed in reliable circles here that he would not return in view of the apparent inconsistency between the present British Government policy, involving several goal-wrestling by the Government towards the Jewish Agency on the one side, and General Barker's personal views on Jews and Jewish affairs on the other. Speculation is now current here that the British Government would have preferred to keep General Barker outside Palestine for the time being, but Field Marshal Montgomery was believed to have insisted on the General's return, until his definite transfer to his new command.—Associated Press.

Truman Abolishes Price Controls

Washington, Nov. 10. President Harry S. Truman abolished all wage controls and all remaining price ceilings today except those on rents, sugar and rice and indicated that those on rents may be raised. "The law of supply and demand operating in the market place will from now on serve the people better than it would under continued regulation of prices by the Government," the President said in a statement accompanying his sweeping executive order.

In restoring the national economy to a control free basis just four days after the election, Mr. Truman took one more poke at Congress which he blamed repeatedly in the past for the difficulty "in the unworkable price control law which Congress gave us to administer." He declared "The plain truth is that under this inadequate law price control has lost the popular support needed to make it work." The OPA will be continued temporarily to supervise sugar rationing and ceilings on sugar, rice and rents. But Price Administrator Paul Porter is expected to step out shortly.

Strong Hint
A strong hint that some increases may be granted landlords seeking higher rents was seen in the President's discussion of the necessity of continuing rent ceilings. "It may be that some adjustment of rents will be required but control of rents and control over evictions must be continued," he said. Mr. Truman also said that removal of ceilings on lumber and building materials "will obviously necessitate a change in the approach to some of the problems in the housing programme."

He did not amplify. **Wage Controls**
The President added that the lifting of wage controls would not affect the stability provisions governing changes in terms and conditions of employment at plants operated by the Government under the war labour disputes act. The President's decontrol order affects such commodities as automobiles, coal, rubber, steel and other metals; furniture, clothing, textiles, farm machinery, transportation, consumer durable goods such as refrigerators and washing machines.—Associated Press.

Tomorrow's Royal Address

London, Nov. 10. Seasoned by a year of heavy pressure on all political fronts, the Labour Government will launch on Tuesday the next phase of the five-year Socialist plan intent on bulwarking the nation against the threat of economic crisis. The blueprint of this plan, shifting its emphasis from socialisation of key industries, will be spread before the People and Parliament in the King's speech written by the Socialist planners who came into power 16 months ago.

Behind them as a result of the first session of Parliament are 64 major laws, one of the biggest outputs of top level legislation in British history. Among these were nationalisation of the coal industry, railways, the Bank of England and global communications network of the Cable and Wireless Limited and far-reaching social laws led by a cradle-to-grave social security plan and a national health service. Ahead lay a campaign of pledged bills to put the country's electricity and transport systems under public control. Plans to nationalise the steel industry were shoved half-way into a pigeon hole, while the Government pondered whether to leave steel in private hands. A severe shortage of coal and manpower threatened to shut down some industries this winter.

To solve the manpower problem the Government was prepared to introduce a manpower "budget" alongside the Chancellor of the Exchequer's financial and tax programme. Whether the manpower budget might involve even a small measure of labour direction was a question that the King's speech is not expected to clarify. But one of the first acts of the last session was to drive through a five-year continuation of the broad wartime powers which gives the Government that authority. The King's blueprint is expected to call for military conscription.

WHO'D BE A NEWSPAPERMAN

Cuba, Ill., Nov. 10. James Nelson, editor of the weekly "Cuba Journal," tells his subscribers that his paper is not up to standard and explains the reasons. "Because of the help shortage," Nelson said, "he must 'eat the ads, the news, run the press, do job printing, wrap, nail and deliver the papers and sleep a little every other night.'"—Associated Press.

Britain, The U.S. And Palestine

London, Nov. 9. In the midst of the efforts of Jewish plans for a worldwide terrorist campaign and mass immigration in Palestine, Mr. Ernest Bevin, Foreign Minister, is to make a new — and probably final — attempt to reach Anglo-American accord on the Palestine problem in talks with Mr. James Byrnes, United States Secretary of State, reports Victor Gordon Lennox, "News of the World" correspondent in New York.

I am able, he writes, to state unequivocally that if an agreement proves impossible, Britain will renounce the Palestine mandate, and hand it back to the United Nations.

Discussions will probably take place next week. Mr. Bevin is not convinced that chances of obtaining an agreed settlement between Jews and Arabs themselves have been exhausted. In making a new effort, Mr. Bevin is keenly alive to the fact that the Palestine issue has been so misrepresented in America that it has become the greatest point possible of discord between Britain and the United States. Mr. Byrnes has informed Mr. Bevin that President Truman at last handed over to the State Department the duty of handling the Palestine question for the United States Government. It is too early to talk about the prospects of an agreement. Presumably, however, neither the Jews nor Arabs want to see Britain renounce her mandate, a fact which may be a good augury for ultimate settlement.—Reuter.

SEALF Hqs. For Singapore?

London, Nov. 9. When British occupation forces leave Java, Sumatra and Siam at the end of this month, a new British headquarters is expected to be established in Singapore, states the "Sunday Times" correspondent there.

It will probably be known as SEALF (Southeast Asia Land Forces). A statement is expected from the War Office and Singapore regarding the disbanding shortly of the Supreme Allied Command and Allied Land Forces Headquarters.—Reuter.

THE WEATHER

Pressure remains high over China and Manchuria and to the E. of the Ryukyu Islands. A low pressure trough extends from South China across the Ryukyu to the typhoon which at 3 p.m. yesterday was centred 300 miles E. of Tokyo, moving NE at 20 to 25 knots. Pressure is low over the tropical oceans. Today's forecast: Light to moderate winds from an easterly quarter, fair or fine. Yesterday's weather: Maximum: 80.2 deg. Fah. Minimum: 65.8 deg. Fah. Max. Rel. Humidity: 83%. Sunshine: 10.4 hours. Rainfall: Nil.

ROAD TO PEACE

New York, Nov. 10. Foreign Minister Jan Masaryk of Czechoslovakia said in a radio address that there was "no road to peace except through the United Nations," and that the Republics and Democrats alike could meet on a platform of peace. He added: "Freedom of thought, freedom of speech and freedom of immortal souls—that is the way to peace."—Associated Press.

Bulgaria Going To War?

Athens, Nov. 10. A concentration of mechanised Bulgarian troops and planes near the Greek-Bulgarian-Turkish border was reported in an official press Ministry communique today.

The communique did not estimate the size of the forces, stating only that "military quarters at Drama reported a concentration of mechanised Bulgarian troops was observed near the tri-country border and new planes appeared above Bulgarian air."

Under a separate heading, the communique said that Army headquarters at Serres had advised Salonika officials that a Bulgarian officer identified as Lieutenant-Colonel Ivan Kolganoff, who "formerly held an important position in the Bulgarian War Ministry" had "voluntarily surrendered" to Greek border troops at Belas, a mountain post.

The communique did not disclose details of the "surrender," but quoted a long statement credited to the officer, which indicated he quit Bulgaria to escape an Army purge inside that nation.—Associated Press.

Buenos Aires, Nov. 10. The Foreign Office said final details have been completed on a treaty of friendship and trade with Russia and that the treaty would be signed in a few days.—Associated Press.

High Level Talks On Germany To Begin

(By William Hardcastle) Washington, Nov. 9. The Anglo-American plan for the economic unification of all Germany, which will be thrashed out here next week in high level discussions at the State Department between British and American officials, will be presented to the "Big Four" Council of Foreign Ministers when they discuss the German peace treaty.

New Crime Wave In France

Paris, Nov. 10. Armed French police are making more than 100 arrests a day in their fight against a vast new crime wave which has swept France in the past few weeks. After midnight Paris is like an "occupied" city with armed patrols waiting everywhere for gangs to come out into the open, and there is no sign of any slackening in the flood of arrests which has been going on now for two weeks. As times grow harder and the winter approaches, the criminals grow more bold and on the other hand the police have been spurred on by the importance of the elections, and the paramount necessity to break the black market. Every day half a dozen new cases of

The British hope is that such a comprehensive and beneficial plan will be worked out that the Russians and French will be persuaded to join the scheme, now backed by Britain and the United States alone. This hope is not altered by the fact that on the surface the conference will negotiate only problems exclusively concerning the economic fusion of the British and American zones and is supported by the belief that the meeting will inevitably "spill over" into preliminary discussions of the German problem as a whole. The negotiators are "anxious that neither the Russians nor French should gain the impression that next week's conference is 'gonging up' by the British and Americans. It is argued that if a workable plan is completed, its merits should become obvious to the French and Russians when it is discussed later in New York. Many of the officials taking part will later go to the Foreign Ministers' Council Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, and the United States Secretary of State, Mr. James Byrnes.—Reuter.

Readers' Letters

Obvious

Sir—After having studied the numerous letters on the American and British film dilemma in search of what the argument is about, I have been forced to conclude that there is absolutely no sense in it whatsoever.

The original question boiled down to: which is the better type of film—English or American? The question in itself is an absurdity insofar as no one has stated the meaning of the word "better." The premises and claims are born of individual appreciation.

It is impossible to declare generally which usage of plots is the better, and the huge variations in both English and American film-makers' methods of production leave us with but one answerable question—"which country caters for the larger number of tastes?" The answer to that is obvious.

WHITE.

Twice-Sold

Sir—I well remember in the autumn of 1904 at the Milan Opera House when, through some misunderstanding on the part of an ex-Carabinieri looking after the box-office, the whole of the Royal Box and the Stalls were booked three times over.

At first Signora Tatti, then in the heyday of her physical powers, refused to sing, as she viewed the pandemonium from the wings; but was finally persuaded by Signor Bazzani, conductor of the State Opera Orchestra to try and provide a diversion to that the Orchestra could begin the Overture.

As she sang her first notes a sudden silence descended on the heaving ranks of gaily-bejewelled patrons; but when a voice was heard declaiming from the Royal Box "You're an impostor, sir," the hubbub began again, and what with cries of "Have at you," and "Mine is number nine too," Tatti became so excited by her efforts to keep on the crest of the din, that she tripped heavily over the footlights into the tympanum, with a dulled E flat.

As far as I can make out, this anecdote is not recorded in any of the musical histories of the time; and indeed, it was hushed up immediately by order of a highly-placed person, who found himself on a sudden heaved out of the scrimmage on to a chandelier, and suffered untold insults from people who failed to recognise him from below.

However, this was the prime contributory reason for Tatti's retirement from the stage, and is unadorned truth. Rumour has it that the Carabinieri who started all the nonsense left the theatre just as hurriedly as she did, and they went into partnership in the impresario business.

ACADEME.

How Can?

Sir—My answer to the irresponsible outburst of "Ex-Friend of China" in Shanghai quoted through Reuters and published in your esteemed paper several days ago is "get the hell out and be done with it."

Presumably "Ex-Friend of China" is one of those diphthong old China-hands who could never forget the "dogs-and-Chinese-not-allowed" days, the days when a foreigner at once became somebody the moment he landed at Shanghai, "the Paradise of Adventurers," a picture of which and what the "foreign adventurers" did in it had been so ably portrayed by Miller, the American journalist.

China's attitude has at all times been hospitable to foreigners. But to one who had related such deficiency as extraterritorial rights for foreigners in China, under which no adventurous enterprises from narcotics traffic to the practice of larceny were illegal for him, are really hospitable without it. In regard to the above statement I should like to refer "Ex-Friend" to Miller's book "Shanghai, the Paradise of Adventurers," copies of which, I believe, are still available in Shanghai.

RADIO

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 645 kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.15 p.m., 7.30 to 8.30 p.m., and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m., also on 9.62 megacycles.

12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.
12.32 p.m.—From the Films.
1.00 p.m.—News, Weather Report and Announcements.
1.10 p.m.—Orchestral Interlude.
1.15 p.m.—Programme of Scottish Songs and Music.
1.35 p.m.—Devoeven Trio in G Major.
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.
2.30 p.m.—Variety—A Programme of Popular Favourites 1936 to 1946.
2.45 p.m.—Studio "A" Like What? Like—Anthony Brax.
3.00 p.m.—London Relay: News.
3.15 p.m.—Schooling for Everybody—Studio "A" Like What? Like—Anthony Brax.
3.20 p.m.—Edward's Question—Music.
3.30 p.m.—London Relay: News.
3.45 p.m.—Studio "A" Like What? Like—Anthony Brax.
3.50 p.m.—Close Down.

HONG KONG REMEMBERS THE DEAD OF TWO WARS

KING ANDANDA'S DEATH

Bangkok, Nov. 10. The Siamese Cabinet, dissatisfied with the report by a commission of inquiry into the death of King Andanda Mahidol after five months of study, has opened its own investigation of the young monarch's death.

The commission said that the death of the monarch could have been suicide or assassination, but it did not subscribe to either. It dismissed the possibility that it was accidental. The king died at a bullet wound in his head.

Associated Press.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY RESHUFFLE?

Nanking, Nov. 9. On the eve of the National Assembly a wholesale Cabinet reshuffle was predicted today by quarters close to the Government, with General Chang Chun, present Governor of Szechuan, succeeding Dr. T. V. Soong as Premier, and Finance Minister O. K. Yui succeeding by Chang Kiang-ao, at present Economic Commissioner for Manchuria.

The Foreign Minister, Wang Shih-chieh, was said to be probably continuing in office. Such a reshuffle would be interpreted as a definite turn to the Left as most of the key positions would be held by members of the Kuomintang Liberal Wing—Reuter.

"No Hope"

London, Nov. 9. The "Observer," commenting on the meeting of the Chinese National Assembly next week, says: "There appears no hope that the Chinese National Assembly called for Tuesday to adopt the draft constitution, the product of three years hard work before the war, will be able to do more than meet and adjourn."

"Marshal Chiang Kai-shek's cease fire order to back his efforts of peace is interpreted by the Communists as only a new trap; while they stand out, middle parties will refuse to come in and the Assembly, filled only with Kuomintang representatives, would be an absurdity."

"The prospect is truly lamentable. Without peace there can be no recovery, no exports to stabilise currency and especially no advancement for peasants for whom the Communists profess particular solicitude."

"How the faults in the Kuomintang administration can be mended by endless guerrilla warfare passes comprehension. The simple concessions made to the Communists at Chungking and still open to them surely offer the only practical way to reform and recovery."

Reuter.

for hours on end? Get out and he will return, that is what it is.

We are not surprised to hear what moral degenerates we are from one who has absolutely no sense of sympathy towards a nation which has been bled white by an eight-year bitter war against aggression, nor regard for any but himself, and who counts self-interest before anything else.

FRIEND, FRIEND, HOW CAN, HOW CAN.

Britain Wants More U.S. Wheat

Washington, Nov. 9. Britain has applied to the United States for allocation of a large quantity of American wheat for delivery to the United Kingdom in the early part of 1947.

No decision on this request has yet been taken by American officials.

The wheat requested would be over and above the 109,000 tons already allocated to Britain by the United States for the last four months of this year, of which only 46,700 tons have so far been delivered.

These latter amounts are mainly by way of repayments of loans made by Britain to help the famine crisis early this year.

Britain has usually relied on Canada for the bulk of her grain supplies but in view of shipping difficulties now delaying the delivery of Canadian wheat, Britain is asking the United States for this "large quantity."

Both British and American officials declined to say what the amount involved was.

No Decision

It is understood that no final decision was taken at the session. The chief difficulty lies in the actual delivery of wheat because of the serious shipping complications resulting from the recent United States maritime strike.

The negotiations are separate from the present Anglo-American discussions on the food position in the British zone of Germany—Reuter.

At tomorrow's meeting of the Rotary Club of Hong Kong, the film "Tennessee Valley" will be shown by courtesy of the Royal Navy Film Unit. The meeting will be held as usual at the Gloucester Hotel at 12.30 p.m.

In the brilliant sunshine of a November morning the Colony awoke yesterday to its second Remembrance Day since the peace, a "Remembrance Day now for the dead of two wars to

It awoke not without a sense of pride that it had kept faith in those who died and not without a sense of satisfaction that the dead could sleep in peace as the faith had been kept. In the field of Mars for certain, on the path to a Utopia of an honourable fraternity, perhaps.

Yet the colour was there, the splendour of banners and flowers against a simple Monument, the smartness of uniform, the solemnity called for on a solemn occasion, the notes of the Reveille. It was the Day of the Honoured Dead. For Hong Kong it was the second time that the dead of December, '41, and the internment camp epidemics were being remembered in all the pagantry that the world sees fit to consider a most suitable form of remembrance.

A large and orderly crowd waited on the day's ceremonial. His Excellency the Governor, Sir Mark Young, G.C.M.G., took the salute of the Guard of Honour from No. 42 Royal Marine Commando, and unveiled the Monument. There was a silence of two minutes followed by the sounding of the Last Post and the Reveille.

This was followed by a short religious service conducted by the Assistant Bishop of Hong Kong, the Rt. Rev. N. V. Halward, assisted by Fr. Riganti and the Rev. Mr. Ream.

First Wreath

His Excellency then laid the first wreath. It was the first of a series of floral tributes to the dead of Mons and Arrahm, the beaches of Gallipoli and of the rear guard at Dunkirk, of the march on Tientsin and the siege of Tobruk, of Jutland and the sinking of the "Hood", of the first rickety aircraft that littered the scarred fields of France and the swifter, surer warplanes that fell out of the sky in the Battle of Britain, of those who in 1914-18 journeyed overseas to the trenches of Ipres and those who in 1941 fell on the beaches and hills of this little Colossus.

After His Excellency had laid his wreath at the foot of the Cenotaph, he was followed by the Commander-in-Chief, British Pacific Fleet, Vice-Admiral Sir Denis Boyd, G.O.C., Major-General Frank W. Festing, the Air Officer Commanding, Air Commodore S. N. Webster, and the Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Mr. R. T. Todd.

Then came the tributes nearer to our own dead, laid by the Officer Commanding H.K.V.D.C., Col. E. J. R. Mitchell, and a wreath to honour the dead of the H.K.R.N.V.R.

These were followed by tributes to the dead of the Merchant Navy, a tribute from the British Legion, the Air Force Association, wreaths honouring the dead of the St. John Ambulance Brigade, of the Chinese, Indian and Portuguese communities.

Finally, wreaths were laid at the foot of the Cenotaph by the United States Consul-General, Mr. G. D. Hopper, Mr. T. W. Kwok, Commissioner for Foreign Affairs for Kwangtung and Kwangsi, the Canadian Trade Commissioner and the Consuls for France, the Netherlands and Belgium, allies in one war or both.

The ceremony concluded with the Lord's Prayer, the singing of "O God, our help in ages past, our hope in years to come" and the Blessing. His Excellency then again took the Salute and the official ceremony was over.

His Excellency and Party then proceeded to the Chinese War Memorial at the Botanical Gardens which he also unveiled yesterday.

Chinese Memorial

The Chinese War Memorial had received a new coat of paint, and the inscription had been amended to commemorate those who gave their lives in World War II in addition to those who died in 1914-1918.

His Excellency was met on arrival by the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Chinese members of the Legislative and Urban Councils, and members of the District Watch Committee.

After the unveiling ceremony His Excellency placed a wreath at the foot of the Memorial, and was followed by Vice-Admiral Sir Denis Boyd, Major-General Sir F. Festing, Commodore D. H. Everett (Commander, Hong Kong), Air Commodore Webster, the Hon. Mr. R. T. Todd, the Hon. Mr. T. Megarry (S.A.), Mr. C. Y. Leung, deputising for Mr. T. W. Kwok, Chinese Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, Chinese members of the Legislative and Urban Councils, Sir Shouson Chow (representing the District Watch Committee), Capt. T. O. To (representing Chinese Essential Services), Lt. Col. E. J. R. Mitchell (representing H.K.V.D.C.), a representative of the British Legion, Directors of the Tung Wah Hospital and Po Leung Kuk, Chai

STANLEY HANGING

Sgt. Mityasue Suckicki, who was sentenced to death by War Crimes Court No. 7 on August 12, will be hanged at Stanley Prison at 7 a.m. tomorrow. Mityasue was found guilty of having ill-treated civilian residents in the custody of the Kempeitai, resulting in the death of Archie Wong, and physical sufferings to others.

Whitehall Ceremony

London, Nov. 10.

His Majesty the King today unveiled a new memorial tablet on the Cenotaph in London just before the two minutes silence on the first Remembrance Day to the dead of the two wars.

Wearing the uniform of an admiral of the fleet, the King pulled a gold tasselled cord hanging from the Cenotaph and two oblongs of laurel leaves slid back to reveal the inscription of the dates 1939 to 1945 in Roman numerals.

At the same time throughout Britain, similar remembrance ceremonies were being held in market squares and on village greens, while in historic Westminster Abbey, a service was held around the tomb of the Unknown Warrior.

At the Cenotaph, the King stepped back from unveiling the inscription just as a gun sounded from Hyde Park simultaneously with the first stroke of eleven from Big Ben. The silence began.

Next to the King and Princesses stood the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, and his Cabinet, with Mr. Winston Churchill, war leader, in the place of honour next to the Prime Minister.

Gun Fired

The sudden noise of a second gun from the distant Park brought the silence to an end and there was a stir among the waiting thousands massed in Whitehall.

Trumpeters of the Royal Air Force sounded the "Last Post" and as the final notes of the call died on the November air, the King stepped forward to lay a big circle of poppies on the Cenotaph. He was followed by the Princesses, the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill and representatives of the Dominion Governments, India, Burma, the colonies and the armed forces.

As a final act at the centre of the Empire's remembrance, the great crowd sang the National Anthem, led by the scarlet and gold uniformed boys of the Choir of the Royal Chapel—Reuter.

Soviets And Chinese Communists

(By John Roderick)

Peiping, Nov. 10. Soviet relations with the Chinese Communists within Manchuria are painstakingly correct these days, neutral travellers arriving here report. There are a number of reasons behind this attitude.

First, anxiety to forestall any accusations from Nanking that the letter of the Sino-Soviet treaty was not being followed.

Second, the possibility of the west, the troops show no sign of quitting the city.

Anti-American demonstrations and propaganda continues in an increasing amount, but the population is generally apathetic. The impression is getting about that the Americans certainly cannot be as bad as they are painted, and many recall the generosity and aid of the United States in war-time.

One informant I met in Harbin says that the Russians and Chinese Communists are almost "glad" at least publicly. This person, the first foreigner to leave Harbin since the Communists took over the city, said that the Communists were taking a large quantity of goods from Harbin which faces a miserably cold winter without adequate supply of coal. The city's discomfort was further increased when the Nationalist power plant at Kirin shut off the power which kept Harbin's water and lights going. Water is being taken from wells inside the city, a laborious, chilling task.

Harbin is still under military occupation, and though products are flowing into other areas, notably toward Chia Musu and the

BOAC'S NEW SCHEDULES ANNOUNCED

Entirely new schedules for the B.O.A.C. Hongkong-United Kingdom and Hongkong-Singapore routes are announced, effective this week.

In future, the flying-boat from the United Kingdom will arrive in Hongkong on Friday, starting on Nov. 15; and the outward aircraft to England will leave Kai Tak on Saturday. The Singapore aircraft will arrive in Hongkong on Thursday, starting on Nov. 14, and the outward flying-boat to Singapore will leave on Sunday, as from Nov. 17.

Mails on these two services have, as a result, been changed. The outward mails to the United Kingdom will, starting this week, close on Friday, while the outward mails to Singapore and Australia will close on Saturday.

The inward U.K. mails will be delivered first thing on Saturday, and those from Australia and Singapore on Friday. In future the B.O.A.C. trip from Hongkong to the United Kingdom will take six days, and that from England to Hongkong seven days.

Commenting on this, a spokesman of the B.O.A.C. said: "The reason why it is going to take longer to get from Hong Kong to England and vice versa is because 90 per cent. of our passengers have declared that they do not like the four-day trip which is the current schedule. It has been made clear to B.O.A.C. both by passengers from Hongkong to the United Kingdom and by those travelling out from England to Hongkong that they find our present schedule trying. Moreover, the great majority of passengers desire to have an opportunity of seeing the cities at which they touch on the Dragon Service."

"It is, therefore, entirely in deference to the wishes of our passengers that we are going to take longer to complete flights on the Dragon Service."

Full Weekend. The spokesman added: "There is one important advantage of the new outward schedule from Hongkong to the United Kingdom. It will permit passengers to arrive at Poole shortly after midday on Thursday and thus allow them a full weekend. Under present schedule the aircraft reaches Poole on a Saturday."

"Dubarry was a Lady" is an early M.G.-M musical (circa 1943) the basic plot of which has since been repeated more than once. The transposition of the cast to an earlier century has obvious cinematic possibilities, and the handling of director Arthur Freed, in this particular instance, is suave, sleek and amusing. A great deal of the fascination of this essay in burlesque is due to the odd, witty lyrics of the Cole Porter melodies. Keen students of that characteristic brand of American literature which reaches its highest level in the glossy pages of "Esquire" will be intrigued by the translation of the annual Varga Girl calendar of that magazine into a moving tableau of Goldwyn Girls, to say nothing of a neatly satirical pseudohistorical picture.

Red Skelton is ably abetted in this ninety minutes of inspired nonsense by Gene Kelly and Lucille Ball, and there is of course the girl without whom no M.G.-M musical would be complete, Virginia O'Brien. Since the days when she sang her own inimitable version of "Rockabye Baby" in the Marx Brothers' "Big Store," Virginia O'Brien has not changed her style of singing in the slightest, doubtless initially her deadpan rendering of well-known songs was merely a means of attracting the notice of Hollywood's seekers of talent, but so long as she continues in this vein, audiences will still be found rolling helplessly in the aisles.

Columbia's "The More the Merrier," showing at the Lee Theatre, is an unpretentious but most successful comedy built round the housing shortage in Washington—yes they have one there too! Jean Arthur, more by luck than judgment manages to rent an apartment, half of which she sublets to Charles Coburn; her misadventures in doing this are more than justified when he in his turn sublets to Joel McCrea, and then to the fun really does start. To add to the confusion the man shortage in Washington is pretty acute too—so much so that the girls' whistles when a man goes past. Director George Stevens has exploited the possibilities to the full, and the result is merrier than many more expensive productions.

SUN YAT-SEN'S BIRTHDAY. Tuesday is the anniversary of the birthday of Dr. Sun Yat-sen, Father of the Chinese Republic.

As in previous years, the occasion will be celebrated by the local Chinese community with a mass meeting at the King's Theatre at which representatives of all organisations, sports bodies and schools will be present. The Chinese National Flag will be flown from buildings in the city, and a procession of Chinese schools will call on a holiday.

While there could be no hard and fast rule in the Union matter, the meeting called upon all members to subscribe a minimum of \$5 per family, as circumstances permitted, starting from December, 1946. This would be a necessary contribution towards the Union's funds for the day in the upkeep of the mosque and cemetery.

There are still no communications with the outside world, except by a chance traveller. Foreigners who have not seen their families or friends for nearly five years were unable to penetrate the Russian wall in the north or to bridge the Nationalist-Communist gap in the south—Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 10. Four Siamese Royal Navy officers are visiting naval installations here in connection with plans for educating some of their officers in the United States—Associated Press.

Harbin is still under military occupation, and though products are flowing into other areas, notably toward Chia Musu and the

SHANGHAI TRIAL

Shanghai, Nov. 10. The trial of former United States Naval Lieutenant Robert Warner, alleged member of a family black marketeering ring with connections in Germany, China and other countries, will open on Nov. 11 about 10 a.m. His attorney divulged yesterday.

Warner, aged 24, was arrested while on terminal leave in Shanghai on Aug. 14. He was dismissed from UNRRA the day before his arrest following press reports from Berlin about the alleged smuggling ring. — Associated Press.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

Outward Mails

GENERAL HOLIDAY
On Monday, Nov. 11, 1946, the General Post Office and Kowloon C.P.O. will be open for business from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. There will be no delivery of ordinary correspondence at 10 a.m., and one collection of pillar boxes only.

The Money Order Office and other Branch Post Offices will be entirely closed.

CHRISTMAS MAIL BY SEA
Service to United Kingdom.
Christmas Letter and Parcel Mails for United Kingdom will close per sea "Empress of Australia" as follows:
G.P.O.
(Par.) Monday, 10 a.m. 11/11.
(Reg.) Monday, 10 a.m. 11/11.
(Ord.) Tuesday, Noon 12/11.
Kowloon C.P.O.
(Par.) Monday, 9 a.m. 11/11.
(Reg.) Monday, 9 a.m. 11/11.
(Ord.) Tuesday, Noon 12/11.
Postage rate (by sea only) for Christmas Cards in open covers bearing not more than five written words is five cents.

Unless otherwise stated, Registered Articles and Parcel Post close 30 minutes earlier than the time stated below:

MONDAY, NOV. 11
(GENERAL HOLIDAY)
Tsamkong (Kwongchowwan) (Tak On) 10 a.m.
Kongmoo (Pook Hoi) 10 a.m.
Canton (By Train) 10 a.m.
Airmail for Singapore, Colombo, Rangoon, Calcutta, Johannesburg, Delhi, Cairo, London, Sydney and Auckland (By Air) Kowloon C.P.O. (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.30 a.m. (Reg.) 9 a.m. (Ord.) 9.30 a.m. (Ord.) 10 a.m.
Airmail for Canton, Amoy, Fochow and Shanghai (C.N.A.C. Plane) (Reg.) 9.30 a.m. (Ord.) 10 a.m.

TUESDAY, NOV. 12
Canton (Sai On) 9 a.m.
Batavia, Sourabaya and Makassar (Tibadak) 10 a.m.
Macao, Tsinshan and Shekhi (Kwong Fook Cheung) 11 a.m.
Swatow and Bangkok (Hiram) noon.
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Egypt and Europe via London (Empress of Australia) Kowloon C.P.O. (Par.) 9 a.m. 12/11, (Ord.) 11 a.m. 12/11; G.P.O. (Par.) 9 a.m. 12/11, (Ord.) noon 12/11.

Airmail for Bangkok, Rangoon, Calcutta, Karachi, Buxa, Cairo, Johannesburg, Augusta, Marseilles, London, New York and Canada (B.O.A.C. Plane), Kowloon C.P.O. (Reg.) 2 p.m. (Ord.) 2.30 p.m. G.P.O. (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.
Pakhoi and Hualong (Empire Par.) 3 p.m.
Airmail for Canton, Chungking and Kunming (C.A.T.C. Plane) (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
Macao, Tsinshan and Shekhi (Kwong Sai) 4 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 13
U.S.A., Central and South America and Canada via San Francisco (Pan Am Victory) (Par.) 9.30 a.m. (Reg.) 9.30 a.m. (Ord.) 10 a.m.
Saigon (Helikon) noon.

Hong Kong's October Imports Over \$107,500,000 Mark

The Statistical Office of the Imports and Exports Department reports that imports of merchandise into the Colony of Hong Kong during the month of October, 1946, amounted to a declared value of \$107,503,186 as compared with \$46,870,925 in the month of October, 1939.

Exports of merchandise totalled a declared value of \$93,638,112 as compared with \$43,883,708.

Imports during the first ten months of 1946 amounted to a declared value of \$739,121,324 as compared with \$490,524,087 in the first ten months of 1939. Exports totalled \$610,093,368 as compared with \$445,814,470.

No cognisance has been taken in the following tables of Government-sponsored cargoes.

	IMPORTS FROM		EXPORTS TO	
	October 1939	October 1946	October 1939	October 1946
United Kingdom	1,848,451	7,171,641	1,513,540	798,017
Australia	698,123	4,002,220	358,608	355,641
Burma	10,233	—	384,680	81,604
Canada	189,509	901,763	268,562	101,062
Ceylon	28,608	10,076	193,087	191,405
East Africa	13,000	344,202	15,412	—
India	625,891	2,353,856	1,123,189	2,233,408
Malaya (British)	1,155,765	8,265,993	4,839,446	15,567,391
New Zealand	3,722	421	34,343	550
North Borneo	256,014	701,967	135,439	302,446
South Africa	54,986	211,308	430,577	500,388
West Indies	—	—	110,052	26,302
British Emp. Other	6,000	1,794,275	190,435	319,314
Belgium	101,302	2,313,121	5,502	311,755
China, North	15,153,807	8,716,061	2,065,357	14,658,421
China, Middle	122,261	2,654,653	189,599	7,750,421
China, South	1,201,241	21,550,099	1,638,584	16,502,083
Cuba	1,727	—	17,166	—
Central America	—	—	364,371	22,825
Denmark	39,325	661,538	58,901	100,590
Egypt	—	9,092	35,493	383,283
French Indo China	151,579	185,152	231,904	703,330
Germany	4,129,736	7,530,366	2,941,450	4,168,953
Holland	156,216	41,466	361,639	499,743
Italy	50,541	2,070,044	5,270	49,980
Japan	1,614,720	—	598,420	1,144
Kwong Chow Wan	3,247,377	868,301	7,777,071	641,043
Macao	3,385,368	6,999,874	4,325,953	2,897,891
Norway	10,730	1,094,950	67,167	67,154
Netherlands E. Indies	430,491	652,000	2,345,125	790,967
Philippines	201,506	271,185	1,061,890	1,963,324
Portugal	4,351	119,944	—	—
Siam	3,511,033	3,102,225	1,505,449	5,591,776
South America	—	—	130,253	—
Sweden	30,201	130,162	42,801	190,840
Switzerland	12,099	686,285	—	—
Spain	342	6,610	—	—
U.S.A.	4,167,626	18,974,261	9,390,740	10,825,463
U.S.S.R.	—	—	—	4,855,644
Others	66,445	615,365	601,674	188,274
Total	46,870,925	107,503,186	43,883,708	93,638,112

Main Groups

	IMPORTS FROM		EXPORTS TO	
	October 1939	October 1946	October 1939	October 1946
Animals, Live	1,149,366	3,497,228	44,494	—
Building Materials	597,281	2,456,152	350,036	791,915
Chemicals & Drugs	478,569	2,858,664	407,171	2,300,374
Chinese Medicines	1,074,003	5,334,465	2,720,590	4,096,536
Dyeing & Tanning	—	—	—	—
Materials	221,106	1,729,566	781,961	2,265,694
Foodstuffs & Provisions	11,391,201	17,442,300	8,026,558	11,096,012
Fuels	1,345,460	1,604,606	45,037	38,603
Hardware	237,863	618,601	247,372	1,211,557
Liquors, Intoxicating	304,708	1,552,554	146,167	690,036
Machinery & Engines	266,577	309,073	285,837	212,701
Manures	3,645	182,651	297,635	654,940
Metals	802,159	11,048,540	1,581,637	3,868,110
Minerals & Ores	59,840	78,000	585,458	909,723
Nuts & Seeds	907,229	1,574,603	676,322	946,213
Oils & Fats	8,502,183	12,388,285	7,232,632	16,299,202
Paints	110,405	428,463	176,031	444,911
Papers & Paperware	683,498	6,174,840	643,237	4,616,270
Textiles	11,109,890	11,355,728	7,952,593	14,352,763
Railway Materials	—	—	65	—
Tobacco	616,974	3,059,960	584,746	822,840
Treasure	157,787	5,879,320	11,262,893	5,026,120
Vehicles	209,946	1,958,888	687,046	312,355
Wearing Apparel	302,409	2,254,557	3,044,582	2,350,058
Sundries	5,225,244	10,625,635	7,466,174	20,255,309
Total	47,028,712	113,882,600	55,146,371	98,866,232
Merchandise only	46,870,925	107,503,186	43,883,708	93,638,112

Merchandise By Countries

	IMPORTS FROM		EXPORTS TO	
	1st 10 months 1939	1st 10 months 1946	1st 10 months 1939	1st 10 months 1946
United Kingdom	35,759,813	60,794,562	17,306,585	14,159,869
Australia	5,529,623	28,687,009	2,823,760	3,295,739
Burma	997,680	—	4,523,456	559,445
Canada	4,155,844	9,256,477	1,944,432	598,206
Ceylon	231,566	235,927	1,097,463	938,694
East Africa	312,479	437,502	156,642	62,780
India	7,408,093	41,887,294	7,022,680	16,996,761
Malaya (British)	11,117,483	59,463,578	34,532,551	142,702,332
New Zealand	338,727	108,186	653,897	161,339
North Borneo	2,495,747	2,027,863	1,301,399	1,251,632
South Africa	1,444,783	230,930	2,538,646	809,072
West Indies	—	—	943,091	40,731
British Empire, Other	2,709	700	4,207,396	137,602
Belgium	452,620	19,723,193	2,423,501	702,553
China, North	5,662,580	6,225,443	1,307,623	988,002
China, Middle	140,231,886	76,977,633	37,868,650	80,734,712
China, South	13,289,000	38,804,753	21,700,502	36,385,160
West Indies	37,682,712	42,661,628	10,866,324	112,070,672
Cuba	3,650	77,208	139,638	80,257
Central America	10,762	—	1,933,286	107,530
Denmark	1,087,620	1,148,570	841,654	2,475,080
Egypt	84,208	313,300	245,403	1,497,168
France	2,488,125	1,052,332	6,282,891	2,115,005
French Indo-China	31,129,772	53,912,382	48,365,042	20,492,160
Germany	12,980,279	—	12,612,090	—
Holland	3,073,554	110,587	5,770,776	1,568,300
Italy	1,366,147	2,893,786	177,675	261,414
Japan	22,960,431	—	4,678,028	1,434
Kwong Chow Wan	26,466,314	4,375,517	37,204,993	7,994,064
Macao	609,510	63,000,902	76,000,680	25,099,081
Norway	—	5,604,345	462,397	1,470,626
Netherlands East	30,670,797	3,195,450	12,863,458	3,116,948
India	1,007,134	12,591,462	9,666,008	9,486,813
Philippines	80,628	493,818	11,663	9,848
Portugal	24,275,290	23,856,208	11,043,482	39,901,781
Siam	640,405	86,674	1,008,950	212,500
South America	—	—	—	—
Sweden	307,460	906,103	675,436	2,727,353
Switzerland	908,723	2,780,042	—	—
Spain	247,262	78,798	—	—
U.S.A.	46,095,163	102,393,931	63,072,216	59,440,711
U.S.S.R.	—	1,088,110	30,419,846	4,855,944
Others	4,758,074	739,121,324	446,814,470	610,083,368
Total	490,524,087	739,121,324	446,814,470	610,083,368

Values By Main Groups

	IMPORTS		EXPORTS	
	1st 10 months 1939	1st 10 months 1946	1st 10 months 1939	1st 10 months 1946
Animals, Live	12,054,649	25,976,190	363,667	—
Building Materials	6,738,526	16,854,194	2,510,921	3,005,793
Chemicals & Drugs	6,488,376	21,283,926	6,014,617	10,052,809
Chinese Medicines	22,212,231	58,140,269	19,081,162	52,915,469
Dye & Tan. Materials	7,482,266	1,617,981	7,978,065	6,442,728
Foodstuffs & Prov.	109,501,132	174,853,672	88,831,813	89,933,911
Fuels	12,579,409	3,071,587	687,117	1,615,694
Hardware	4,162,756	4,030,437	7,155,434	6,199,771
Liquors, Intoxicating	3,067,776	9,097,072	1,235,027	4,944,289
Machinery & Engines	9,750,280	5,073,182	6,652,602	957,076
Manures	7,733,271	12,100,433	7,669,322	3,470,704
Metals	33,401,013	20,583,860	34,466,190	28,394,190
Minerals & Ores	4,300,054	1,046,714	21,130,768	1,596,362
Nuts & Seeds	8,408,763	17,736,039	5,459,657	9,568,968
Oils & Fats	67,803,733	87,359,199	58,338,800	101,279,286
Paints	1,741,440	3,180,269	1,636,812	3,090,856
Paper & Paperware	9,082,087	26,912,680	1,626,634	25,026,029
P. Goods & Textiles	81,088,486	73,590,177	61,549,397	117,061,168
Railway Materials	—	—	—	—
Tobacco	8,568,293	10,144,836	8,477,443	4,622,843
Treasure	723,957	9,745,058	67,576,644	15,908,693
Vehicle	12,700,923	11,237,293	19,249,044	1,688,485
Wearing Apparel	3,443,704	8,266,936	22,145,736	16,289,103
Sundries	57,335,031	125,099,261	64,012,666	113,850,610
Total	491,247,144	739,121,324	514,391,114	625,992,061
Merchandise only	490,524,087	739,121,324	446,814,470	610,083,368

MRP To Back Gen. De Gaulle

Paris, Nov. 10. In a last minute campaign manoeuvre, President Georges Bidault's M.R.P. Party left the nation know yesterday that it would back General Charles de Gaulle for the presidency of the Fourth Republic "if he wants it."

So far, de Gaulle has maintained a careful silence about his future plans which were severely strained when that Party voted for the Constitution.

De Gaulle's only intervention in the campaign, which culminates on Sunday in the election of Deputies for the National Assembly, has been an

Honest Men

"When I saw the M.R.P. come into being, I hoped that this new Party made up of honest and patriotic men was going to purify political life."

After six months of their direction of public affairs, I still place the conviction that the Party is directly by scrupulous men, but those men are dangerous because they are incapable."

Bidault responded sharply, "If you knew men more honest and more capable than we, send them to sit in our place."

The Communists continued to tread a careful path with regard to de Gaulle. Maurice Thorez, Party Secretary-General, told a Party rally:

"We will never forget what France owes General de Gaulle. We deeply regret that the former chief of the Provisional Government can cover with his name, perhaps in spite of himself, an unbalanced coalition that wants to restore principles since the liberation." — Associated Press.

TB TESTS

Hamburg, Nov. 9. Everybody in Hamburg over the age of two years is to undergo a compulsory X-Ray examination for tuberculosis and a preliminary survey of 3,750 records has revealed signs of the disease in 887 cases

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and Tuesday 12th Nov.

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HONGKONG-CALCUTTA Thursday 14th Nov.

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THUR.	HONGKONG-CANTON-KUNMING
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MILITARY RACE MEETING

PROCEEDS TO CHARITIES

will be held at

HAPPY VALLEY RACE COURSE
On SUNDAY, 17th NOVEMBER

First Saddling 11.30 a.m.

First Race Starts at 3.00 p.m.

CASH SWEEPS The usual "Through" numbers (\$10) may be obtained at the Office of the Hong Kong Jockey Club, Exchange Building, First floor.

TOTE DOUBLE on the 2nd and 4th Races.
ENTRANCE (Public Enclosure \$1.00 including Tax; Members Enclosure \$3.00)

LUNCH A limited number of lunches for Members of the Hong Kong Jockey Club will be available in the Coffee Room. Tables should be booked in advance with the No. 1 Boy at the Club House, Happy Valley, Tel. 28211.

There are a limited number of Boxes available, for which application should be made by Post to the Clerk of the Course (Lt. Col. J. R. Edgar, M.B.E., H.Q. R.E.M.E., Land Forces) enclosing a remittance for \$25. Tickets cannot be issued until payment is received.

Major H. M. R. HODGMAN,
Hon. Secretary, H.K.S.R.C.

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THE BRITISH PRESS

After the debate in the House of Commons on the proposal for an inquiry into the Press, the impression remains that inquiry could be much more usefully directed into the causes of the proposal. Mr. Haydn Davies sandwiched disclaimers and jokes in pleasant enough proportions, but of the meat on which a Royal Commission should feed there was not a trace. Mr. Foot, indeed, repeated charges which the Attorney-General had previously made and recanted, but it was only too clear that what he meant by "distortion" and "suppression" of news was the publication and presentation of facts disagreeable to his own politics. Neither made any sort of a case for what a Royal Commission should do or why it should do it; and, as Sir David Maxwell Fyfe observed, it must be made before setting such a machine in motion. The charges, such as they were, in the course of debate were reduced practically entirely to allegations against the "chain" newspapers—those published under different names in different parts of the country by the same organisation. It is impossible, however, to draw any ethical distinction between a single newspaper with a circulation of, say, three millions, and three newspapers each with a circulation of one million. Moreover, the choice is free and wide; and a newspaper, whether in a chain or not, which offends the public will not indefinitely continue to flourish.

There remains the question of the finance of newspapers. It is said to be too costly to launch anything new on a big scale. But what deduction do the critics draw? Do they want new newspapers subsidised by the Government or by other vested interests? Then, indeed, there might be something for a Royal Commission to do. In this connection it may be noted that Mr. Beverley Baxter said that in a long experience of editorship he had never come across a case where an advertiser had been able to exercise undue influence. There is little that is not widely known about the Press as it exists today, and if information is required it can be readily ascertained from elsewhere than a Royal Commission. The British Press is not afraid of inquiry. All its controllers' names are known. It has nothing to conceal. But it had a right to expect a better case to be made before an inquiry was deemed necessary.

It may be appropriate to ask what are the functions of a newspaper and of its servants. The answer is, surely, that a newspaper exists to give news and comment on the news. It must seek to give the most authoritative version of facts—and it must be remembered that there are often many versions. The reading public has a variety of opinions and of tastes, and a newspaper does not become a mere vehicle of propaganda if it seeks to advance a particular form of opinion or of taste. As for journalists, the charge of "subservience" brought against them could only be made by those with one-track minds. A journalist is, indeed, loyal to his paper, but he has his standards just as his paper has. They are standards of professional honour and also of private conscience, such as many professions have. Newspaper staffs also have, or ought to have, wide experience and an ample background, and that teaches them, among other things, that there is nearly always much to be said on both sides. But upon the issue raised in the House, what is not to be said on the side of the motion is either that the British Press has become corrupt or that British journalists have become dishonourable.

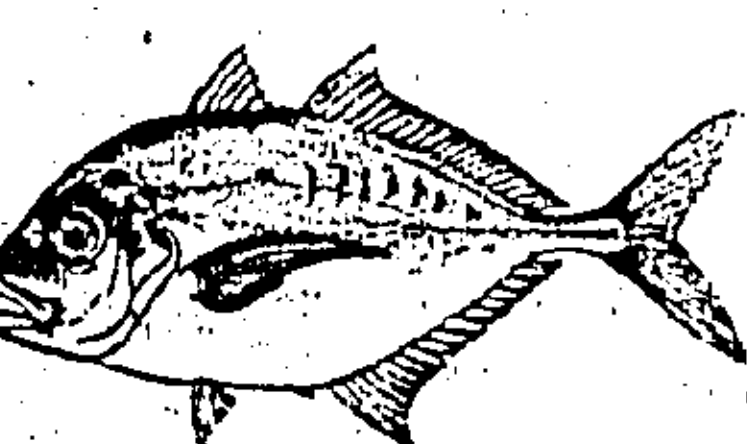
Stockton, Cal. Nov. 10. Jeannette Paz, wife of a Filipino night club musician, was today sentenced to five years to life imprisonment after conviction of murdering her five-year-old daughter, Judy, by giving her a spartan paralytic.

BRUSH UP YOUR FISH LORE

It has been observed that foreign residents in Hong Kong usually confine their purchases of fish to a very few kinds. In the main the choice is restricted to Garoupa, White Salmon, Pomfret and Macao Sole.

It is believed that this limited selection is due to various causes of which ignorance on the part of housewife and market-cook is one. In European fish markets far fewer varieties are offered for sale and the housewife quickly learns to recognise the different kinds and to know their respective merits and the best ways to cook them. Here, with perhaps a hundred varieties to choose from, many of strange shape and of unfamiliar brilliant colours, it is not surprising that no attempt is made to try out more than a few varieties, particularly those recommended by the salesman as being the best—possibly because they command the highest prices amongst foreigners.

It is hoped that by a short series of monthly articles people will be encouraged to try kinds of fish which they have previously ignored, as being unfamiliar and unsuitable. Five fish have been selected for brief mention in this first article: they are the Crevalle, Mud Garoupa, Red Snapper, Golden Thread, and Yellow Croaker. The first four may be obtained all the year, but are especially plentiful in the autumn; the fifth is a seasonal fish and is most plentiful from October to January.



1. Crevalle.
(Shui Tsing).

The local name means water crystal and is very appropriate. The body is silvery and strong-

ly compressed. It is rather like a flattened and deep mackerel. On either side of the body towards the tail-end and on the base of the tail is a row of backwardly pointed spines which can be felt very easily. The fish has a firm white flesh and is good eating.

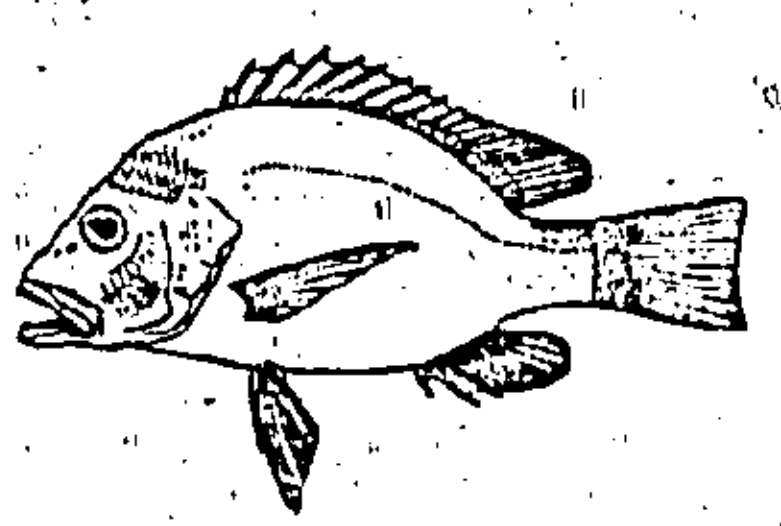
Average price in October, \$1.15 a catty.



2. Mud Garoupa.
(Nai Paan).

This is the largest of all the local garoupas and the least attractive to look at because instead of being brightly patterned with spots or bars, the adult is plain mud coloured. It grows to a length of three or more feet but may commonly be obtained at a size of one or two feet. Like all garoupas, it may be cooked in a variety of ways, steamed, fried or baked.

Average price in October, \$2.50.



3. Red Snapper.
(Hung Yue).

This bright red fish which grows to the size of 2½ feet, but is available commonly from one to two feet, is an excellent food fish and well known to many residents. It has a firm white flesh. There is a dusky patch at the tip of the base of the tail.

Average price in October, \$1.40 per catty.



4. Golden Thread.
(Hung Sam).

This excellent fish is known to every foreigner in the Colony who has lived or lives in one of the larger hotels. It is a pink or red coloured fish with seven horizontal bright sulphur-yellow bands along each side of the body. The tail fin is prolonged on a point to form a long thread from which the English name has been derived. Bake or fry.

Average price in October, \$1.30 a catty.



5. Yellow Croaker.
(Wong Fa).

This is undoubtedly the most valuable fish caught on the China coast. It is salted and dried in immense quantities and exported from Hong Kong to China and to many parts of the world. Fresh, it is delicious, having a white firm flesh. It is best baked. All white fleshed fish should be cooked with a little oil or fat; it is the oily fish like the herring and mackerel that should be steamed. This fish is greyish above, and silvery below, but the whole body shines with a yellow sheen; the common size is 1½ feet, but it grows to 2 feet. Never buy garoupa or other expensive fish if you can get Wong Fa.

Average price in October, \$1.50 a catty.

Sailors Don't Care, So Yo-Ho-Ho And A...!

Rain water was pouring into the Sparrow's Nest as if swung on its branch in the gale. The Sparrow's wife was crying in one corner, while the Sparrow, just returned from the Tree Tops Club, was lying back in his little armchair, snoring a life on the Ocean Wave.

"I can't think what you're got to sing about," said his wife, "with this awful storm and everything."

"I'm the bluff skipper of a ship at sea," shouted the Sparrow, closing one eye and glaring ferociously at her with the other, "and I'm full of rum. Delay there, landlubber!"

A violent gust blew the branch higher, and as it came swinging down again the Sparrow's wife clutched at her little stomach with her claw.

"Haul in your top gallants," yelled the Sparrow above the wind. "Reef in your mains! Look lively there."

"Oh, do be quiet," said his wife, "when I'm feeling sick."

"In Nelson's days," said the Sparrow, "they kept-hauled sick sailors. That cured them."

"I don't know anything about Nelson, and don't want to," said his wife. "All I know is that the rain's coming in the Nest because you haven't bothered to see the war damage people."

"Sailors don't care," said the Sparrow.

"If you don't care by October 1 you won't have anything done to the Nest at all," said his wife.

"What's wrong with the Nest?" asked the Sparrow.

"As you're always out," said his wife, "I suppose you haven't noticed we've had practically no rain since our bomb fell."

"If you were out more often you wouldn't notice it either," said the Sparrow.

"I can't go gallivanting about when I have to keep the place clean," said his wife. "And as soon as I've got it clean the rain comes in and makes it all dirty again."

"Then why bother to clean it?" asked the Sparrow.

"That nice Mr. Robin had his yacht damaged almost immediately," said his wife.

"Graft!" said the Sparrow.

"Within a week his yacht was all splintered and span, and ever-

so lovely. In fact, better than before."

"Bribery and corruption," said the Sparrow.

"You can't tell me that nice respectable Mr. Robin is corrupt," said his wife.

"The nicer they are," said the Sparrow, "the more respectable they are, the more corrupt they are."

"You're jealous because he gets things done and you don't," said his wife.

"I don't want anything done," said the Sparrow.

"You don't care if you go on sleeping in a place that's damp and draughty?" asked his wife.

"If you drink enough you can sleep anywhere," said the Sparrow.

"What about me?" asked his wife.

"Drink more," said the Sparrow.

Another gust caught the branch and tipped the Sparrow's wife out of her little chair.

"Swing out the davits,"

Lord Mayor's Show

London, Nov. 10. All the pomp and pageantry of the City of London's traditional annual Lord Mayor's show was revived yesterday for the first time in eight years in a two mile long three hour parade.

Spectators, braving a grey sky and bitterly cold wind, jammed the circuitous route from the Guildhall to Mansion House, residence of the Lord Mayor, Sir Bracewell Smith, whose inauguration for next year caused the celebration.

The Lord Mayor rose from a 30/- a week teacher to become a West End hotel manager. The show dates back to the years 1215.

The gilded coach made its first appearance since 1938 and the show was on a peacetime scale, with tableaux representing every aspect of work and play of the English people, built up with large contingents from the three fighting services.

The new Lord Mayor is the 64th of his line. — Associated Press and Reuters.

shouted the Sparrow "Boats away. Women and children first."

"You might at least help me up," said his wife.

"Clear the gangway," roared the Sparrow, preparing to leave. "Shed down those Lascar dogs."

"For heaven's sake," said his wife, "where are you going on a night like this?"

"To splice the mainbrace again," said the Sparrow.

"Don't tell me something else has come unstuck," said his wife.

"I could tell you anything," said the Sparrow, flying unsteadily out of the Nest towards the Tree Tops Club.

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authorities"

IMAGINATION A PILOT

Keen and sound use of the imagination beats perfunctoryness all hollow in this game of ours which has so many "rules" connected with it. The rules may be all right for players who lack imagination or the courage to follow it. But they should be scrapped by the fine player when his reasoning tells him of a probable situation which indicates the advisability of acting otherwise.

S. 9 6 4
H. K. J. 8 2
D. 7 8 2
C. 7 7

S. A. Q. R. N. 5 3 2
H. K. J. 8 2
D. K. J. 8 2
C. 10 0 2

S. K. J. 10 5
H. A. 8
D. 10 9 3
C. 9 4 3

(Dealer: East. Neither side vulnerable.)

East South West North
1 C 1 S 1 NT Pass
2 C Pass 3 NT Pass

It seemed pretty clear, to the sharp-witted defender in the North seat, that West had in particular fear of two bids of No Trumps. A spade lead, therefore, appeared hopeless. West, however,

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"You're tellin' me money talks! Remember, I married money!"

TODAY IN EUROPE

Writing or speaking on political matters in a foreign country demands great tact and discretion, especially when that country is about to hold elections. People are naturally more politically sensitive preceding polling day, and an outsider must be careful to say nothing which might give offence. But if elections are sometimes the cause of ill-feeling and angry words, they are also the source of much humour. In Washington...

By RANDOLPH CHURCHILL

ton many election stories are now circulating, and the most amusing concerns Congresswoman Clac Boothe Luce. Apparently, Mrs. Luce, in the course of a discussion with a friend, raised a religious question. Her friend's advice was that she should concentrate upon the problem that was most troubling her at the time and seek heavenly guidance as to what course of action she should take.

The friend asked her what her most difficult problem was at the moment. To this Mrs. Luce replied that she was much concerned as to whether she should run for the Senate. Her adviser told her to seek the answer from God, and that in due course she would receive a sign.

But this seemed a little vague to Mrs. Luce, and she pursued the question of exactly what the sign would be. After some discussion she suggested that, as she always wears a red rose, if someone were to give her a white rose would that perhaps be a sign that she should not run? Her friend replied that it

would be very suitable, and Mrs. Luce felt much comforted.

Some weeks later, she was about to enter the Capitol when, to her amazement, a young man stepped forward and presented her with a white rose. Much shaken, she accepted the flower, and asked the young man why he had given it to her. He reminded her that it was the anniversary of President Roosevelt's death, and said that the rose was a token of remembrance.

Still much disturbed in her mind, Mrs. Luce passed on to the building. On entering, she looked around and saw that everyone else was also wearing a white rose. This was too much for her.

She ran to a telephone and called up her friend. "Listen," she cried, "He doesn't want ANY of us to run!"

Then there is the story of the Republican and the Democrat who were arguing about the probable outcome of the Presidential election in 1948. The Republican was confident.

"Look," he said, "I have dozens of men who could win with me. We could win with Taft, with Dewey, with Stassen, with Bricker. Who have you got in the same class? You haven't a single man who would have a chance."

The Democrat was worried. He scratched his head and hemmed and hawed. Finally, rather weakly, he said, "Oh, well, we shall find someone somewhere. Don't worry, we'll dig someone up."

"Fog grass makes, don't do that," cried the horrified Republican. "Don't dig him up. Let him rest in peace!"

Alaska Airfields

Washington, Nov. 10. President Truman today authorised the U.S. Army and Navy to turn over to the Commerce Department an undetermined number of air bases (principally in the Alaskan and Pacific areas) which are deemed no longer necessary for military purposes.

The executive order also authorised the Department through the Civil Aeronautics Administration, either to maintain the bases and their facilities or to enter on an arrangement with commercial air carriers or U.S. citizens to undertake the task. It left to the discretion of the Army and Navy the number and location of bases to be transferred.

The order was designed to insure that surplus bases of importance to world air commerce would be kept in operating condition.

A Civil Aeronautics Administration spokesman said that airports affected by the order were located principally in the Alaskan area and to a lesser extent on various Pacific islands. — Associated Press.

CANADA DOLLAR DECLINE

New York, Nov. 8. The Canadian dollar touched a new post war revaluation low when it was quoted at a discount of 3 1/4 per cent or 94.375 cents—a decline of 1/4 from the previous close.

Banking authorities said there was no official explanation but the decline coincided with rumours that a further devaluation was planned. — Associated Press.

ATTACK ON RACIAL PERSECUTION

U. N. O. Should Condemn Discrimination

India Supports Egyptian Move

Lake Success, Nov. 10. During the discussion by the U.N. General Assembly on the inclusion of new items in the agenda, Mahmoud Hassan Pasha (Egypt), supporting a resolution by his delegation against racial persecution, said: "We have had many reports about racial persecution in Central Europe. These may not be true but we should look into them." He was supported by the Saudi Arabian delegate.

Justice M.C. Chagla (India) was warmly applauded when, in supporting the Egyptian resolution, he declared: "We must show the world we do not merely sign charters but condemn racial persecution and discrimination in every part of the world."

Search For Uranium

Washington, Nov. 10. A five thousand men strong United States Navy task force of planes, ice-breakers and aircraft tenders is being organized at east and west coast ports of the United States, ready for a 10,000 mile expedition into the Antarctic in search of uranium.

The expedition, under the command of veteran Polar explorer Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd, will spend two months at the top of the ice cap of the South Polar region, attempting to confirm reports that the area is rich in the ore from which atomic energy springs.

Hitherto a "top secret" expedition, which will go under the name of "Operation High Jump," will also seek weather data and test personnel and equipment in rigorous sub-zero conditions.

Trained American Navy men are being drawn from bases in the Aleutians and Alaska to man icebreakers and operate dog-sled teams.

The United States Navy Department declined to give the date when the task force is due to set off.

This will be Rear Admiral Byrd's fourth expedition to the South Pole area and his sixth into Antarctic regions.—Reuter.

U.S. Atomic Research

Washington, Nov. 10. Plans for a \$20,000,000 laboratory for research into atomic power for peacetime uses were announced here tonight by the War Department.

The War Department has contracted with the General Electric Company of Schenectady, New York State, for the establishment of a plant as part of the joint Government and industry sponsored research programme.

It will in the near future be transferred, it is understood, to the jurisdiction of the Atomic Energy Commission.—Reuter.

Malaya Plan Attacked

Singapore, Nov. 9. Mr. J. A. Thier, President of the Malayan Indian Congress, speaking at Kuala Lumpur today, asserted that the British Government was pursuing a policy of divide and rule in Malaya.

He urged an immediate Malayan inter-communal conference to oppose the Government's plans for Malaya.

He alleged that the British Government was setting one community against another and deployed the veil of secrecy on the current negotiations between the Government and Sultans.—Reuter.

INCIDENT IN CALCUTTA

Calcutta, Nov. 9. Armed men fired at the police escort of a car carrying cash and gold supplies in central Calcutta this afternoon. One constable was injured.

Earlier today a man was stabbed in the street in northern Calcutta in the first of a number of incidents after three days of calm.—Reuter.

New York, Nov. 10. Radio writer Norman Corwin, reporting today on a globe-trotting tour he made, as the first winner of the Wendell Willkie One-World Award, said of Russia: "Of the Iron Curtain, I can only say that I was never interested with. Other forms of censorship certainly exist."—Associated Press.

JACK-IN-THE-BOX ISLAND

Auckland, Nov. 10. Jack-in-the-box, Falcon Island, of the Tonga group, is gone again, the crew of a New Zealand Government motor vessel reported today.

The island has been rising and sinking since discovered 80 years ago. In 1927 it was 360 feet high.—Associated Press.

Stripped Wife, Saved Train

Mombasa, Nov. 10. An African who snatched off his wife's bright red dress to wave it as a warning signal and saved a train from disaster, has been given ten shillings reward.

The man, who is called Kombo and works on a small estate about 30 miles from Mombasa, was walking with his wife along the rails when he noticed that the torrential September rains had washed away part of the main Nairobi-Mombasa line and that a goods train was approaching.

Without hesitation he tore off his wife's dress and raced towards the train waving the clothing.

The engine driver stopped the train and signalled the warning to an approaching mail train. Both trains halted until the line had been made safe.—Reuter.

British Search For Cosmic Rays

Manchester, Nov. 10. One of Great Britain's atom scientists, Dr. P. M. E. Blackett, disclosed yesterday that radar is being used at a secret British laboratory to search for cosmic ray showers in the upper atmosphere.

(Russian scientists recently were reported by "Izvestia" to be working on problems of atom smashing with cosmic rays at altitudes as high as 9,000 metres).

Dr. Blackett, head of the Manchester University Physics Department, said in an interview that he and an associate had some "valuable and interesting" results from a year of experimenting, and had detected energy scattered by meteors 60 to 70 miles high.

"Ultimately when we get our equipment sensitive enough, we hope to be able to detect the presence in the atmosphere of some very large cosmic ray showers though I am bound to admit that this experiment might never come off," said Dr. Benjamin Lovell, Dr. Blackett's associate in the Manchester Physics Department and in the experiments.

He said that the world's largest paraboloid, an aerial system, 75 yards in diameter, was being built at their laboratory in an undisclosed part of Cheshire and that with this equipment they hoped to detect cosmic ray showers.

Sun's Energy

Using radar equipment borrowed from the armed forces and various government departments, the scientists are sending on a short pulse very high energy radio waves lasting about one-millionth of a second.

"We have used equipment to plot in detail four of the major streamers, including the spectacular Gieseler shower of a month ago, and we have been able to measure some extremely large increase of energy from the sun during sunspots.

"On the wavelength on which we are working, the sun, during these periods, has sent out more than one hundred million times the energy it normally gives out."—Associated Press.

BRITAIN KNOWS

London, Nov. 10.

A Colonial Office spokesman declared yesterday that the British Government is aware of reports of an impending large scale attempt by Jewish refugees to run the Palestine blockade, but declined to disclose whether increased measures are being taken to prevent the rumoured invasion.

"It is not our custom to disclose security methods," the spokesman said, refusing to discuss the reports further.—Associated Press.

Athens, Nov. 9.

All communications between Salonika and Kozani in South-west Macedonia have been cut by armed bands, who blew up a bridge and sawed down telegraph poles.—Reuter.

ing control over the Sudan," asserted Mr. K. A. Shawk, Assistant Registrar-General to the Sudan Government here today.

Mr. Shawk, who is visiting Liverpool, said that "The assertion by Sikky Pasha that Mr. Bevin has promised his country sovereignty over the Sudan is not believed by our people."

In an appeal to the British Empire to support Sudanese claims and to prevent the Sudan "being enslaved by Egypt," Mr. Shawk went on: "If Egypt is granted sovereignty over my country our present standard of living will be seriously reduced. In Egypt the Fellah peasant class are far worse off than similar people in Sudan."

Mr. Shawk said that the Governor-General of the Sudan estimated that complete independence would be granted "within the next 20 years" on the basis of the interpretation of the recent speech by Mr. Bevin.—Reuter.

New York Talks On German Situation

(By Reuters Diplomatic Correspondent)

London, Nov. 10.

Discussions in New York next Tuesday on the economic fusion of the British and United States zones of Germany will take place under the shadow of the disastrous food situation in the British zone. In London the realisation that supplies in the zone may quickly run out has driven home general recognition that four-power administration of Germany is uneconomic and a muddle.

The main influence of the food crisis on British long-term policy for Germany is expected to be a strengthening of Mr. Bevin's conviction that the provision of the Potsdam agreement that economic administration is to be based on economic unity, must be honoured.

This is likely to be the key to Mr. Bevin's approach to the four-power discussions on Germany which begin in New York on Nov. 20. But the food crisis is also expected to increase Britain's anxiety in the course of the talks with United States experts to make the two-zone economic fusion, agreed last summer, a going concern.

Whether or not the British zone starves in the next month is a matter which can only be decided by the diversion of supplies already at sea.

While in general it is already a truism that Mr. James Byrnes has already been for the past ten months pursuing the conclusion of his term of office, some shift of the emphasis in the economic aspects of foreign policy may still result from the Republican swing to power in Congress. One of the first tests of the Republican influence on

the economic aspects of foreign policy will come next week in the fusion talks.

Rightly or wrongly there is an undercurrent of anxiety among observers in London that in the economic field the Republican victory may mean more isolationism and less co-operation.—Reuter.

Needs Of British Zone

Washington, Nov. 9.

Lieutenant-General Lucius Clay, American Deputy Military Governor of the United States zone in Germany, said on his arrival in Washington today that the food situation in the British zone was "not too promising."

He estimated that 600,000 tons of grain would be needed between now and July 1947.

General Clay and his political adviser, Mr. Robert Murphy, will discuss the food situation in the forthcoming talks with British representatives, who are coming to the United States to lay the ground work for complete unification of the British and United States zones in Germany.

General Clay and Mr. Murphy will go to New York within the next few days to discuss unification with Secretary of State James Byrnes.

General Clay disclosed that a four-power team will soon start an inspection of war plants in all four zones of Germany.—Reuter.

Russia's Policy In The Pacific

(By Larry Hauck)

Lake Success, Nov. 10.

Speculation over Russia's Pacific island policy mounted today after an unexplained Soviet postponement of a speech, generally expected to answer the United States take it or leave it offer of United Nations trusteeship over Japanese mandated islands.

The development came as the United States restated its position in two other controversies:

1. The American delegation decided to support the proposal asking the Security Council to reconsider its rejection of United Nations membership applications from Ireland, Portugal, Transjordan, Albania and Outer Mongolia.

2. The delegation decided to adhere to its stand for condemnation of Franco's Spanish regime, but maintained opposition to any "coercive action," such as a worldwide break in diplomatic relations with Madrid, as proposed by Poland, and economic sanctions, fostered by White Russia.

Professor Boris Stein, alternate Russian delegate, said, postponement of the Russian speech was necessary because Nikolai Novikov, Russian Ambassador to the United States, who was to have made the speech, had been delayed in Washington.

Then Novikov appeared, but did not take the floor, and no further explanation was offered.

Czech Attack

Delegates from 18 other nations due to speak yesterday also asked for postponements.

Karel Lisicky of Czechoslovakia, took the floor and assailed statistics that South Africa had submitted showing that a majority of natives in South-west Africa favoured annexation of the territory into the Union of South Africa. He suggested the question of annexation be postponed until 1947, after declaring that "apparently even sucking babies have interrupted their nourishment to vote on this question."

Era Over

Lisicky added that the number of votes nearly equalled the total population of South-west Africa, Joseph Charles of Haiti also denounced the South African proposal.

British Zone Tension

British H.Q.,

Germany, Nov. 9.

An atmosphere of tension and latent unrest hung over Germany's big cities in the British zone today as news of the gravity of the food situation reached the population and unofficial reports, said that public safety officers were standing by for possible disturbances.

A warning of unrest was given by German trade union officials who said that they could no longer take responsibility for workers' reaction if food news grew worse.

No demonstrations have been reported so far but civilians in the ruined cities of Hamburg and Duesseldorf could be seen standing at street corners, gravely discussing the situation.—Reuter.

Same Ration

Herford, Nov. 9.

The Control Commission announcement tonight confirmed that the 1,500 calories daily ration would be maintained in the Ruhr next week in spite of the food crisis by issuing 250 grams of sugar against coupons for 500 grams of bread.

In other towns of the British zone, the announcement said, 750 grams of dehydrated potatoes would be issued against coupons for 1,000 grams of bread.

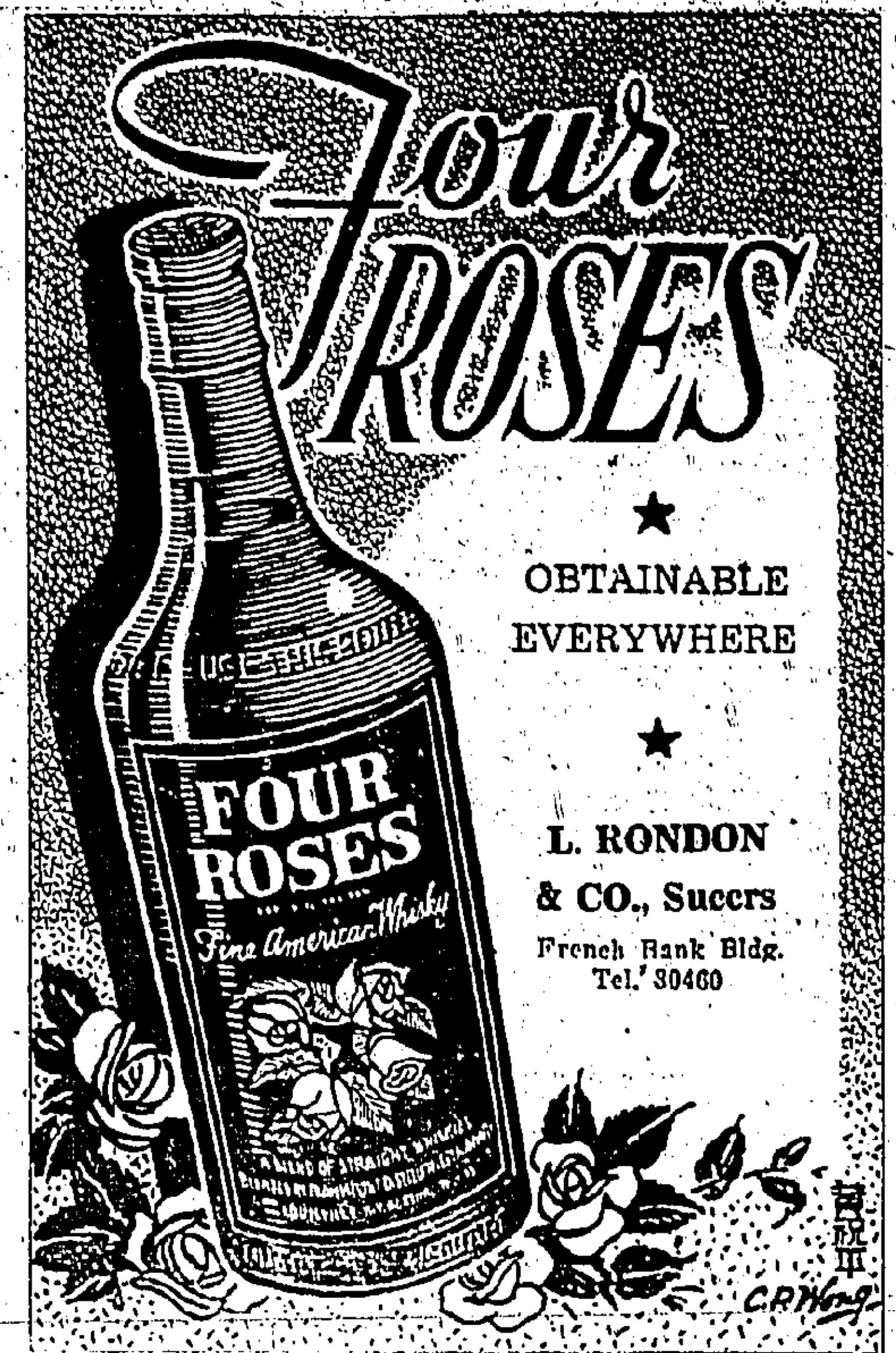
The announcement confirmed the statement by a senior official at Hamburg two days ago that full calorie rations would be maintained by substituting other foods for bread.—Reuter.

NEW L.N.E.R. SERVICE

London, Nov. 10.

The London and North Eastern Railway yesterday announced that from Nov. 18 there will be a through service to Scandinavia in connection with the Harwich-Hook of Holland steamship service.

Through carriages with sleeping and restaurant cars will operate between the Hook of Holland and Copenhagen three times weekly in each direction, with connections to Stockholm and Oslo. Later on it is proposed to extend the service to operate every week day from London.—Associated Press.



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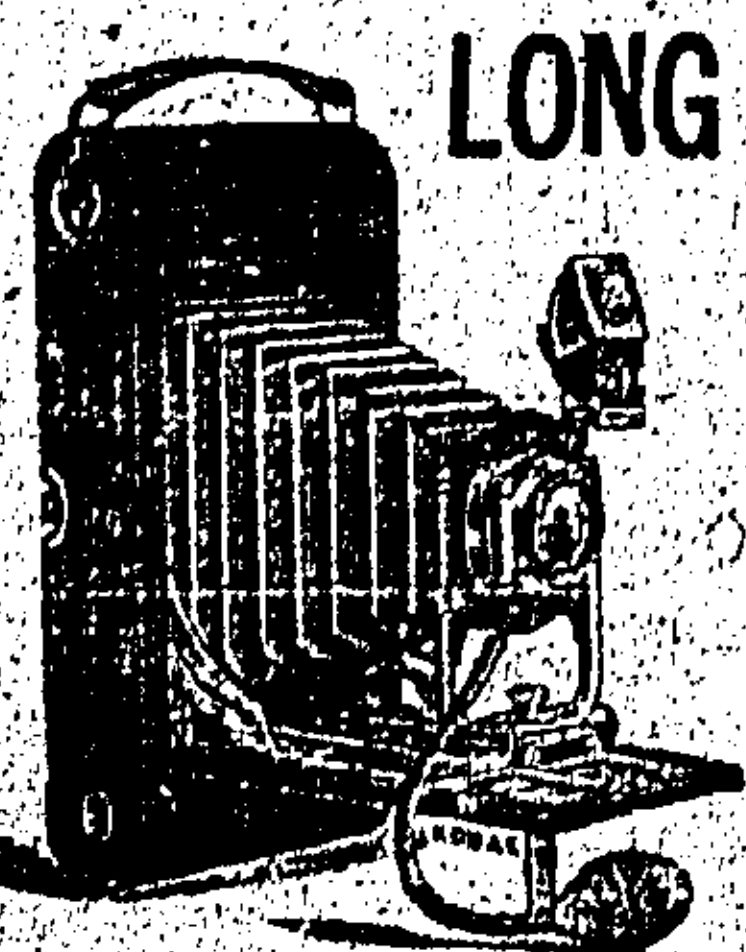
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"HANYANG"	Shanghai 4 p.m. 14th Nov.
"PAKHAI"	Shanghai 4 p.m. 17th Nov.
"TSINAN"	Swatow 4 p.m. 18th Nov.
"POYANG"	Saigon & Bangkok 4 p.m. 18th Nov.
"FOOCHOW"	Anoy & Shanghai 7 a.m. 18th Nov.
"KWEIYANG"	Swatow & Bangkok 4 p.m. 24th Nov.

ARRIVALS FROM

"TSINAN"	Ban'kok, Saigon & Swatow 13th Nov.
"FOOCHOW"	Batavia, Sourabaya & Macassar 15th Nov.
"NINGHAI"	Tientsin Tsingtao & Foochow 17th Nov.
"FENGTHIEN"	Singapore 18th Nov.
"ANHUI"	Singapore 22nd Nov.

CANTON RIVER LINE

"TATSHAN"	Arrives 11.30 a.m. 12th Nov.
	Sails 1 a.m. 15th Nov.
	Arrives 2 p.m. 16th Nov.
	Sails 4 a.m. 18th Nov.

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U. K. SERVICE

Arriving	From
"GLENAPP"	2nd week Nov. U.K. via Straits.
"SINKIANG"	Mid Nov. do
"GLENFINLAS"	End Nov. do
Sailing	For
"GLENSTRAE"	1st Week Dec. L'pool via Strait.

Agents:**AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD.**

Arriving	From
"YUNNAN"	4th Dec. Australia
"TAIPING"	5th Dec. Australia via Kure
Sailing	For
"TAIPING"	7th Dec. Sydney
"YUNNAN"	11th Dec. Sydney, Melbourne

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For Passage and Freight Particulars Apply To The Above.**DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.**

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on 14th November at 3 p.m.

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SAILING FOR

S.S. "MOUNT ROGERS"	17th Nov.	Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Leghorn, Genoa, Marseilles, New York & Boston.
S.S. "VANDERBILT VICTORY"	20th Nov.	New York & Boston, via San Francisco, Los Angeles and Panama.

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American Move For Lower Tariffs

(By John Seall)

Washington, Nov. 10.

The United States yesterday announced that it will seek specific agreements for reducing tariffs with 18 key countries at a conference to be held next spring.

In an apparent post-election move to reassure foreign countries of the Administration's determination to keep its trade pledges, William L. Clayton, Assistant Secretary of State, announced the move at a Washington press conference.

Clayton emphasized that he regarded the United States trade programme as an all-American one with support from both Parties.

He added that he did not fear any attempt by the Republicans to tamper with the Reciprocal Trade Act, which gives the Administration authority to cut tariffs by as much as 50 per cent. The negotiation would be the biggest ever carried out under the Reciprocal Trade Act of 1934.

Thousands Of Cuts
Tariff cuts on thousands of items from feathers to machinery will be considered.

Clayton, questioned by reporters, acknowledged that rank and file Republicans do not support the Administration's foreign economic policy as strongly as the political.

He also noted that Republican controlled Congress could repeal the Trade Act if it so desired or by refusing the funds to carry it out. But he stressed that he believes that such action is unlikely.

Empire Trade

Countries invited to discuss the changes are: Great Britain, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France, India, Japan, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, U.S.A., U.S.S.R., U.K., U.S.A., U.S.S.R., U.K., U.S.A., U.S.S.R., U.K.

BOMBAY SILVER & GOLD

Silver, Ready	155 08
Silver, Forward	147 08
Gold, Delivery	100 00
Gold, Forward	89 07
Sovereigns	68 00

—Reuter.

N.Y. COTTON

New York, Nov. 9. Textile mill buying and lack of hedging helped boost cotton futures more than four dollars a bale at times. Some demand was based on technical considerations following the recent break. Futures closed unchanged to \$2.50 a bale higher. Dec. 30.45, March 29.95, May 29.55-60, July 28.35-40, Oct. 25.50, Dec. 25.15 bid, March 24.75 bid, Middling spot 30.85 nominal. Associated Press.

PACIFIC FAR EAST LINE**S.S. "JOPLIN VICTORY"**Sailing Direct to San Francisco & Los Angeles
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ARRIVALS

S.S. "TREWOLAS" (Ben Line Berth) on or about 7th Dec.
S.S. "EMPIRE RAJA" (Ben Line Berth) 10th Dec.
S.S. "BENVORLICH" 10th Dec.

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THE HO HONG STEAMSHIP CO., (1932) LTD.**S.S. "HONG KHENG"**Expected to leave for Swatow and Amoy 8th November
LOADING 20th November SAILING 21st November
FOR SINGAPORE AND PENANG**S.S. "HONG SIANG" EXPECTED TO ARRIVE FROM STRAITS END NOVEMBER.**

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THE HO HONG CO. (CHINA) LTD.

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N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Nov. 9.

Strength of copper stocks spread to other sections of the market and with scattered exceptions gains for favorites ranged from fractions to four points or so.

The buying of metal stocks was based mainly on expectations of higher prices with controls being quickly eliminated.

Among the gainers were Phelps Dodge, Kennecott and Howe Sound. Transfers were around 500,000 shares.

The Dow Jones Averages: Stocks 63.05, 20 Industrials 171.80, 15 Rails 60.73, 10 Utilities 35.95.

Closing quotations:—
Baltimore & Ohio Railway 16 1/4, Pennsylvania Railroad 28 3/4, Union Pacific Railroad 130, National Lead 31, Electric Bond & Share, Common 16 3/4, Commonwealth & Southern Common 3 1/4, Great Northern Railway preferred 48 1/4.—Associated Press and Reuter.**New York Exchanges**

New York, Nov. 9. American 3/4 C Sterling 4.03-5/16, 4.03-1/16, American A/C Sterling 3 months 4.03-5/16, 4.03-1/16, On Sweden 27.82, 27.84, France 84, 84 1/4, Switzerland (Official) 24.00, 24.25, Switzerland (Free) 24.80, 25.10, Spain 9.25 offered, Portugal 4.04, 4.05, Australia 3.82 1/2, New Zealand 3.25, South Africa 4.03 1/2, India 30.29, East Africa 20.30, Argentina (Official) 29.77, Argentina (Free) 24.45, 24.53, Brazil 5.46, Bolivia (Official) 2.00, Bolivia (Free) 2.38, Chile (Official) 5.16, Chile (Free) 3.25, Chile (Export) 4.00, Colombia 46.98, Cuba 100, Ecuador 7.60, Guatemala 100, Holland 37.78, Mexico 20.87, 20.61, Peru 15.50 offered, Uruguay 55.00, Venezuela 20.00, Netherlands West Indies 53.05, Dutch Guiana 53.35, Montreal on New York 4.02, Montreal on New York 94.930, Swiss Bank Notes rate 32.00, 33.00, Belgium Franc 2.23 1/2.—Reuter.

LONDON SILVER & GOLD

London, Nov. 9. Silver Spot, per fine oz. 55 1/2 d. Silver Forward, per fine oz. 55 1/2 d. Bar Gold, Fine, oz. 172 3/4.—Reuter.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LUN N.V.

King's Building, Connaught Road.

Tel: Shipping Dept. 28016. Passage Dept. 23017.

Chinese Agents, Connaught Road, C. No. 82, Tel. 25133.

Ship due from Sailing for

m.s. "TJITJALENGKA" Shanghai/Amoy 15th Nov. Manila, Java 16th Nov.

s.s. "TJIBADAK" Amoy 11th Nov. Singapore/N.E.I. ports 12th Nov.

m.s. "TJISADANE" Java/Singapore 27th November Swatow/Amoy Shanghai 28th Nov.

ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO., LTD. (DELI STRAITS CHINA LINE).

Ship due from Sailing for

m.s. "VAN HEUTS" Belawan/Deli/Penang/Singapore 14th Nov. Swatow/Amoy 16th Nov.

(ORIENT JAVA AFRICA LINE).

Ship due from Sailing for

m.s. "STRAAT SOENDA" Singapore early Dec. Singapore, Batavia, Durban, Capetown, Mombasa, Port Elizabeth, East London, Uniontown, Agnes, Santos, Rio de Janeiro. If sufficient inducement offers calling at Saigon/Bangkok/Matruh/Istanbul/Madagascar/Bela-Lorenco-Marques/Montevidéo early Dec.

SILVER LINE, LTD.

Ship due from Sailing for

m.s. "SILVERGUAVA" Tai port After docking sailing on or about 6th Nov. for Vancouver.

m.s. "SILVERSANDAL" La port After docking loading on or about 12th Nov. for Penang, Colombo and New York.

m.s. "SILVERTEAR" U.S. Atlantic & Pacific Ports via Shanghai 27th Nov.

HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE

Ship due from Sailing for

m.s. "PHILADE" Rotterdam/Antwerp/Genoa/Port Said/Singapore early Dec. Shanghai/Singapore/Colombo/Port Said/Antwerp/Rotterdam/Copenhagen/Göteborg/Oslo early January.

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INDO-CHINA S. N. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS

S.S. "WOSANG" to Keelung & Shanghai 21st Nov.

S.S. "KWASANG" to Shanghai 23rd Nov.

ARRIVALS

S.S. "WOSANG" from Bangkok 19th Nov.

S.S. "KWASANG" from Sandakan 21st Nov.

IN PORT

S.S. "EMPIRE WITHAM" alongside Cosmo Dock.

S.S. "TAKSANG" Machio's Wharf.

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All Inland Passengers are requested to register their names as far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.

Agents: GLEN LINE LTD.

A.V. DENEIGHSHIRE due from U.K. November.

A.V. "GLENSTRAE" Talook Dock.

M.V. "GLENAPP" Loads for U.K., Rotterdam Antwerp Amsterdam—Early Dec.

Managing Agents:

AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE

M.V. NEWBROUGH due from Australia via Labuan 14th Nov.

M.V. KATHISTAN due from Australia, about 11th Dec.

M.V. DAGHESTAN due from Australia Mid Dec.

Agents: THE WESTERN CANADA STEAMSHIPS LTD.

S.S. "LAKE NIPIGON" due from Vancouver/Shanghai 17th Nov.

loads for Vancouver, 19th Nov.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

Ship From Due

"BENALDER" U. K. Mid November

"SAMLAMU" Bombay Mid November

"GLENIFFER" U. K. Mid November

"SAMADANG" Bombay via Kure Mid November

"TREVAYLOR" U. K. Mid November

"TREVAN" U. K. December

Ship Loads For Ready

"SAMADANG" Straits & Bombay End November

"TREVETHOE" Straits & U.K. 23rd November

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M.V. VASAHO discharging Hong Kong 27th November.

M.V. BATAAN discharging Hong Kong 1st December.

M.V. FORMOSA discharging Hong Kong Mid Jan.

HOMEWARD

M.V. NAGARA loading Hong Kong 18th November.

for

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Sporting Page

Wayman Takes Newcastle To Top Of Table

London, Nov. 10. One of the finest individual performances of the season was accomplished today by Wayman of Newcastle United, the Second Division club which is drawing bigger crowds than any First Division team and which is playing the type of football that is likely to carry them into the top flight for next season.

Wayman scored all four goals in the victory which carried Newcastle to the joint leadership of the division with Tottenham and Burnley.

Sheffield Wednesday were lucky to have George Hunt, their newly signed international star, but their luck changed after 25 minutes when he was injured. He returned but limped and there was never any doubt about Newcastle's superiority.

Fifty thousand watched the match, this being one of several such crowds, but the best was 65,000 at Manchester where the United won brilliantly after Carter returning to Derby, had given the visitors an early lead with a smart header. Three goals in the next 15 minutes and one in the second half gave Manchester the points.

Matthews Eclipsed
Although Blackpool keep their First Division lead they have only one point advantage following their reverse today. From the third minute when Hagan scored for Sheffield United, Blackpool were struggling and were three down at the interval. Mortensen scored from a penalty for a foul against himself, a goal which temporarily revived Blackpool, and throughout the second-half Mortensen's solo runs thrilled the crowd, but Sheffield's defence did not wilt and the closing stages found the home-side on top again.

Leeds have escaped from the foot of the Senior table by their win which came after Milburn had missed a penalty for them in the second minute. Dadds headed a glorious goal for Everton but Leeds played better football and deserved the honours.

The return of Matthews to Stoke in the home game and the visit of Villa, drew a 40,000 crowd who saw Matthews dominated by Cumming almost throughout the goalless game. More steadiness might have given Stoke victory.

Back Collapses
Burnley, Cardiff and Bristol City, all with long unbeaten sequences, continued well, though the first named, through only sharing the honours, lost the chance of being the clear leaders of Division II. Cardiff and Bristol City continue to share top place in Third Southern, neither showing any sign of flinching from the high standard of football which has been a feature of all their games.

Wolverhampton actually scored all five goals in their match at Charlton-Miller, of Wolves putting through one to record a point for Charlton.

Westcott and Mullen each netted two at the right end for the Wolves who were much improved after their previous week's debacle.

There was a crowd of 50,000 at Liverpool where Portsmouth lost Hindmarsh, their right-back, with a pulled thigh muscle and though he returned, he collapsed later and was carried off. Palmer gave Liverpool the lead from a penalty just before the interval, after which Portsmouth's weakened side were no match for their rivals.

Spurs' Winning Streak
A remarkable game in the Third Northern Division saw Hull have five unsuccessful corners in the first 14 minutes during which, when play was at the other end, Doncaster scored three goals which were the foundation of their clear-cut win.

Doncaster's win enabled them to draw away from Chester for the Third Northern leadership. Chester's goalless draw ending their sequence of wins which had reached eight.

Tottenham, narrow winners today, have now played 12 games in a row without having their colours blemished. For Burnley, a continuation of the record for this season.

HELICOPTER PILOTS

London, Nov. 10. The Ministry of Supply will shortly begin the training of helicopter pilots and ground crews at an airborne forces experimental establishment to provide information for the Services and for the design of future types.

Four Hawker Hurricane aircraft will begin trials at the direction of the Air Ministry and War Office. Two other Hurricanes are to be issued to the air and sea warfare development unit to investigate their aptitude for rescue work.—Reuter.

HOW THEY STAND

First Division

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Liverpool	14	8	4	2	28	14	20
Blackpool	15	10	1	4	28	19	19
Manchester U.	14	7	4	3	20	18	18
Sunderland	14	8	4	2	27	20	18
Middlesbrough	15	7	5	3	22	17	17
Sheff. Wed.	15	7	4	4	23	22	16
Sheff. U.	15	6	4	5	23	22	16
Stoke City	14	7	2	5	22	26	16
Aston Villa	14	6	5	3	19	13	15
Grimsby T.	15	5	5	5	22	25	15
Charlton A.	14	5	3	6	28	23	13
Chelsea	15	5	3	7	28	32	13
Blackburn R.	15	5	2	8	16	13	12
Brentford	15	6	1	8	19	25	11
Q. Rangers	15	2	4	9	14	18	10
Bolton	15	2	2	11	14	13	10
Derby C.	15	4	2	9	22	25	9
Portsmouth	14	4	1	9	22	25	9
Leeds U.	14	4	1	9	19	26	9
Sheff. F.	15	3	2	10	12	32	8
Huddersfield	14	3	1	10	16	38	7

Second Division

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Newcastle	14	7	5	2	28	13	19
Spurs	14	7	5	2	26	16	19
Burnley	14	7	5	2	21	16	19
Barnsley	15	7	5	3	25	18	18
Fulham	15	7	4	4	21	17	18
Man. City	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Cardiff	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Sheff. F.	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Plymouth	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Albion	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Reading	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Bradford	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Leicester	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Southampton	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Preston N.E.	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Lincoln	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
West Ham	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Swansea	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Nottingham	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Sheff. U.	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Derby	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Wolves	15	6	4	5	20	16	16
Newport	15	6	4	5	20	16	16

Third Division South

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Bristol C.	14	10	3	1	37	15	23
Cardiff	15	11	3	1	30	12	23
Q. Rangers	14	10	3	1	37	15	23
Southend	14	7	4	3	23	18	18
Exeter C.	14	7	4	3	23	18	18
Bournemouth	15	7	4	4	21	14	18
Watford	15	7	4	4	21	14	18
Sheff. F.	15	7	4	4	21	14	18
Walsall	14	6	5	3	21	18	15
Northampton	14	6	5	3	21	18	15
Hitchin	14	6	5	3	21	18	15
Reading	15	6	5	4	20	18	15
Port Vale	14	6	5	3	22	22	15
Manfield T.	15	6	5	4	20	18	15
Spelthorpe	15	6	5	4	20	18	15
Grays	15	6	5	4	20	18	15
Nottingham	15	6	5	4	20	18	15
Altrincham	15	6	5	4	20	18	15
Northwich	15	6	5	4	20	18	15
Crewe	15	6	5	4	20	18	15
Bristol R.	15	6	5	4	20	18	15

Third Division North

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Doncaster	14	12	1	1	40	16	25
Chester	14	10	2	2	38	20	22
Blackburn	15	10	1	4	32	14	21
Wrexham	14	9	3	2	34	16	21
Bradford	14	7	2	5	23	16	16
Carlisle	15	7	1	7	26	25	15
Stockport	15	7	2	6	24	16	14
Lincoln	15	6	2	7	24	18	14
Crewe	14	6	2	6	21	21	14
Barrow	14	6	2	6	21	21	14
Oldham	14	6	2	6	21	21	14
Blackpool	15	6	2	7	27	25	14
Leek	15	6	2	7	27	25	14
Hull C.	14	6	2	6	20	22	14
Gateshead	15	6	2	7	21	23	14
Gillingham	15	6	2	7	21	23	14
Derby	14	6	2	6	21	23	14
New Brighton	15	6	2	7	19	30	9
Accrington	15	6	2	7	18	28	9
Tranmere R.	15	6	2	7	18	28	9
Southport	15	6	2	7	18	28	9

New York, Nov. 10.

Assault on the mile and three-sixteenths Westchester Handicap in 1:56 2/5 at the Jamaica track and picked up \$38,000 for its owner, Robert Kieberg. Assault's capture of the last big stakes event of the New York turf season brought him to the third place in world money winners, standing with a total of \$441,445.—Associated Press.

RUGBY UNION

London, Nov. 9.

The following are the results of Rugby Union matches played today:

Guy's Hospital 10 Birkenhead Park 25. London Welsh 28 Upper Clapton 0. Old Cranleighans 5 Wasps 20. Richmond 0 Harlequins 8. Rosslyn Park 3 Old Merchant Taylors 8. St. Mary's Hospital 10 Old Blues 5. Aberavon 14 Bridgend 3. Aldershot Services 3 King's College Hospital 5. Bath 8 Stroud 10. Bradford 13 Huddersfield 11. Bridgewater Albion 16 Bournemouth 6. Bristol 14 Bedford 13. Cambridge University 0 Leicester 3. Cardiff 11 Newport 0. Crosskeys 29 Cardiff Medicals 12. Devonport Services 14. Torquay Athletic 13. Dublin Wanderers 16 Waterloos 8. Mosely 16 Gloucester 4. Neath 12 Swansea 3. Northampton 11 Coventry 6. Notts 35 Hull and East Riding 0. Nuneaton 14 Cheltenham 8. Oxford University 21. Blackheath 3. Plymouth Albion 14. Teignmouth 8. Pontypool 7. Llanelli 3. Royal Naval Engineering College (Devonport) 8. Exeter 15. United Services (Exeter) 10. London Scottish 14. Harlequins 5. Stewarts College 12. Glasgow Academicals 6. Watsonians 17. Penarth 0. Aberllyry.

County Championship results: Cornwall 3 Devonshire 3. Durham 3 Lancashire 27. Gloucestershire 5 Somerset 3. Yorkshire 18 Northumberland 3.

Rugby League results today were:

Batley 3 Featherstone Rovers 0. Bradford Northern 30. Bramley 3. Castleford 24. Hunslet 10. Leeds 19 Barrow 6. Hull Kingston Rovers 5. Belle Vue Rangers 2. Keighley 14. Rochdale Hornets 8. Leeds 8. Dewsbury 3. Leigh 3. Oldham 2. Liverpool Stanley 44. Halifax 0. Salford 6. Widnes 10. St. Helens 11. Swinton 15. Wakefield Trinity 12. Hull 7. Wigan 3. Warrington 4. York 5. Workington 10.

County match: Yorkshire 13 Lancashire 16.—Reuter.

YESTERDAY'S FOOTBALL RESULTS

FIRST DIVISION
South China 1 1/5 Commando 0
Chinese Amateurs 0 Kwong Wah 1
1/5 Commando 7 1 1 25 6 11
South China 1 1 1 25 6 11
1/5 Commando 7 1 1 25 6 11
Chinese Amateurs 0 Kwong Wah 1

League Table

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
South China	7	6	1	0	25	12	13
1/5 Commando	7	6	1	0	25	12	13
Sing Tao	6	5	1	0	27	7	10
44 Commando	6	5	1	0	16	10	10
R. Navy	7	4	3	0	22	17	8
St. Joseph's	6	3	2	1	19	12	7
C.A.S.C.	6	3	2	1	19	12	7
R.A.F.	6	3	2	1	19	12	7
Eastern	6	3	2	1	19	12	7
H.K. Club	6	1	6	0	18	24	2
Kwong Wah	7	1	6	0	7	38	2
44 Commando	7	0	6	1	6	26	1

South China v 44 Commando

On the Club Ground at Happy Valley yesterday, 44 Commando were trounced by South China junior to the tune of 7 goals to 1. South China gave a polished display and fully deserved their win. They completely overran the 44 Commando team and never had occasion to go all out.

Lee Yuk-tak, son of Lee Wing-tung, played in the South China forward line and scored two goals for his side. Lee Junior gave a very promising exhibition and more should be heard of this young player in future, as his style and dash resembles that of the elder Lee in the heyday of his youth.

Other goals for South China were scored by Chan Bing To (1), and Tam Chan-kin (4). Yates scored for 44 Commando.

Teams:—
South China—Cheung Chuk-kam, Yuen Po-man, Yuen Yau-shung, Lam Tak-po, Chuen Sun-ling, Mok Yim-shing, Chan Bing-to, Tam Chan-kin, Lee Yuk-tak, Tong Shueing, Chong Kam-cheng.

44 Commando—Willis, Brown, Callier, Want, Thomas, Lander, Black, Yates, Reddish, Martin and Rayner.

Ingle kept a watchful eye on Lee Shek-yau and this speedy and elusive winger was not given many opportunities to get going. All in all, the whole Commando team gave a grand display and they certainly deserved a point from the game.

Lee Wing-long, the soccer idol of China, turned out to lead the South China attack. The Commando defence had the measure of Lee and he was well marked to prove dangerous. He did, however, distribute the ball well and a time after time sent the wingers off with well directed passes, but their final efforts were, for the most part, nullified by the robust tackling of the Commando defenders.

The only goal of the match was scored some 15 minutes after the game had been in progress, when Chu Wing-keung, running through the defence, sent in a fast cross shot which struck the right upright and then rebounded into the net, Powell having no chance at all with the shot.

The last 15 minutes of the game provided the best football of the day, with the Commandos going all out to score the equaliser. They played as men inspired and their intensified attacks had the harassed Chinese defence mistaking and sending the ball to touch repeatedly.

The Commandos did not let up until the final whistle and at one stage it looked as if victory would be snatched from South China. Two wonderful opportunities for scoring were missed about five minutes from time and spectators who were leaving the ground were held spell-bound as the Commandos carried out raid after raid on the South China citadel. The final whistle came with the Commandos still attacking.

Combined Services

FIRST INNINGS
L.A.C. Eve, c. Minu, b. Pereira 3
Capt. Williams, c. Hughes, b. Pereira 1
Lt. Chambers, b. Minu, b. Pereira 1
Capt. Gourlay, b. Minu, b. Pereira 1
Capt. Cliffe, c. Pereira, b. Zimmerman 7
A.B. Hopwood, st. Hughes, b. Minu 8
Lt. Kennedy, st. Hughes, b. Minu 10
Cdr. Hodges, c. Fincher, b. Pereira 68
Lt. Pickering, b. Zimmerman 28
Lt. Cdr. Barratt, c. Zimmerman 20
b. Minu 20
Sigm. Kennedy, not out 12
Extras (Bis, LBI) 12

Rest Of Colony

FIRST INNINGS
J.E. Richardson, c. Hodges, b. Pickering 24
L.D. Kilbee, c. Williams, b. Hodges 6
G.N. Gosano, c. Gourlay, b. Pickering 25
Pickering 25
T.A. Pearce, c. Eve, b. Pickering 22
(Continued at foot of next Col.)

South China Beat 1/5 Commando

South China were definitely fortunate to emerge winners in their match against 1/5 Commando, whom they beat by one clear goal in a Senior Division encounter on the Club Ground at Happy Valley yesterday afternoon. 1/5 Commando gave a rousing display throughout, although they were handicapped by the loss of Bannister, who retired shortly after the commencement as the result of a serious head injury.

Starting off with their usual dash, the Commandos had the Chinese penned in their own half for the first ten minutes. They came near scoring on several occasions, but over-cagerness in front of goal prevented them from drawing first blood. Their forwards were very good individually and quite brilliant in mid-field, but when within shooting distance, they always muffed their shots. Their defence was outstanding and beyond reproach.

Powell was again at the top of his form and repeatedly earned the applause of spectators for the magnificent manner in which he handled pile drivers from the shrapnel shooting Chinese forwards.

Livsey, who has improved with every appearance on the local soccer field, also played a sterling game and delighted the 1/5 supporters with his tackling which broke up many a dangerous movement initiated by the Chinese.

Lee Shek-yau and this speedy and elusive winger was not given many opportunities to get going. All in all, the whole Commando team gave a grand display and they certainly deserved a point from the game.

Lee Wing-long, the soccer idol of China, turned out to lead the South China attack. The Commando defence had the measure of Lee and he was well marked to prove dangerous. He did, however, distribute the ball well and a time after time sent the wingers off with well directed passes, but their final efforts were, for the most part, nullified by the robust tackling of the Commando defenders.

The only goal of the match was scored some 15 minutes after the game had been in progress, when Chu Wing-keung, running through the defence, sent in a fast cross shot which struck the right upright and then rebounded into the net, Powell having no chance at all with the shot.

The last 15 minutes of the game provided the best football of the day, with the Commandos going all out to score the equaliser. They played as men inspired and their intensified attacks had the harassed Chinese defence mistaking and sending the ball to touch repeatedly.

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(Continued at foot of next Col.)

MCC's OPENING-CENTURY PARTNERSHIP

Melbourne, Nov. 9.

The MCC collected 171 runs for the loss of three wickets at the close of the second day's play against the Combined Australian eleven here today. This is an important match as a Test trial to both the MCC and the Australians and it has been agreed to add an extra day next Wednesday in an attempt to make up for the loss of the first day's play yesterday which was rained off.

For the second time during the present MCC tour Hutton and Washbrook made an opening century-partnership and it was not until 122 runs were on the board that the Australians met with their first success soon after the introduction of their leg spin bowler-McColl, who is a protégé of Bradman. At the end of the day McColl, who also took the wickets of Edrich and Washbrook, had an analysis of three for 38 and is one of the best bowlers the MCC has seen in Australia during the present tour.

When Hammond once again beat Bradman for the toss he immediately chose to bat. Rain curtailed the morning play to 37 minutes during which time Hutton and Washbrook, taking no chances, put on 22.

Between lunch and tea the total was taken to 95 without loss. It was not until 99 was on the board that McColl was introduced, which was somewhat surprising